ENGLISH TRANSLATION OF THE HOLY QUR'AN

WITH ARABIC TEXT AND TRANSLITERATION

PART I

Compiled by NASIR AHMAD, B.A. LL.B.

www.aaiil.org

DEDICATION

To the evergreen loving memory of our parents Sheikh Barkat Ullah and Zubaida Barkat Ullah from their children at 98-Aziz Shaheed Road. Sialkot Cantt

Transliteration of the Arabic Alphabet

Alif	а	١	Tu-ay	ţ	ط
Bay	b	ب	Zu-ay	ż	ظ
Tay	t	ت	'Ain	•	٤
Say	S.	ث	<u>Gh</u> ain	gh	Ż
Jeem	j.	5	Fay	f	ف
	h	2	Qaaf	q	ق
Hay	<u>kh</u>	ے خ	Kaaf	k	ک
<u>Kh</u> ay Deel	d	د	Laam	1	ل
Daal		ذ	Meem	m	٢
Zaal	Z	ر	Noon	n	ن
Ray	r	ز	Hay (round)	h	٥
Zay	Z	س	Wa-o	W	و
Seen	S	ش	Ham-za	,	£
<u>Sh</u> een	<u>sh</u>	ص	Yay	У	ى (
Saad	S	•	iay	,	1
Daad	ġ	ص			

When the signs of the short vowels are doubled (i.e. $\leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$) become $\leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$) they are pronounced with the addition of the sound of *an*, *in* and *un* respectively. This is called *tanwin* or nunation which takes place only at the end of indefinite nouns and adjectives.

PART J

CHAPTER I

Al-Fatihah: THE OPENING

(Revealed at Makkah: 7 verses)

The *Fātihah* or the Opening is known under various other names. It is spoken of as the Seven Oft-repeated Verses in the Qur'an itself (15 : 78), because its seven verses are constantly repeated by every Muslim in his prayers.

Al-Fātihah contains seven verses in a single section, and was revealed at Makkah, being without doubt one of the earliest revelations. It is a fact that the Fātihah formed an essential part of the Muslim prayers from the earliest days when prayer was made obligatory, and there is a vast mass of evidence showing that this happened very early after the Prophet's Call. For not only is the fact referred to in the earliest revelations, such as the 73rd chapter, but there are also other historical incidents showing that prayer was observed by the earliest Muslim converts.

 $F\bar{a}tihah$ has a special importance as a prayer. Its oft-repeated seven verses constitute the prayer for guidance of every Muslim at least thirty-two times a day, and therefore it has a much greater importance for him than the Lord's prayer for a Christian.

The prayer contained in the chapter is the sublimest of all the prayers that exist in any religion, and occupies the first place among all the prayers contained in the Qur'an itself. A chorus of praise has gone forth for it from the greatest detractors of the Qur'an. According to $Bu\underline{kh}\bar{a}r\bar{i}$, the designation Umm al-Kit $\bar{a}b$ has also been given to it by the Holy Prophet himself and this in view of the fact that it contains, in a condensed form, all the fundamental principles laid down in the Qur'an. It is for this reason that the Chapter has been formulated as prayer to be constantly repeated and reflected upon by the believer.

The entire chapter is composed of seven verses, the first three of which speak of the four chief Divine attributes, *viz.* providence, beneficence, mercy and requital, thus giving expression to the grandeur and praise of the Divine Being, and the last three lay open before the Great Maker the earnest desire of man's soul to walk in righteousness without stumbling on either side, while the middle one is expressive of man's entire dependence on Allah. The attributes referred to are those which disclose Allah's all-encompassing beneficence and care, and His unbounded love for all of his creatures, and the ideal to which the soul is made to aspire is the highest to which man can rise, the path of righteousness, the path of grace, and the path in which there is no stumbling. Bis-mil laa-hir Rah-maa-nir Ra-heem.

- 1. Al-ham-du lil-laa-hi rab-bil 'aa-lameen.
- 2. Ar-Rah-maa-nir Ra-heem.
- 3. Maa-li-ki yaw-mid deen.
- 4. Ee-yaa-ka na'-bu-du wa ee-yaa-ka nas-ta-'een.
- 5. Ih-di-naș și-raa-tal mus-ța-qeem.
- Şi-raa-ţal la-zee-na an-'am-ta 'a-layhim,
- 7. ghay-ril magh-doo-bi 'a-lay-him wa lad-daal-leen.

بِسُحِ اللَّهِ الرَّحُسِمَنِ الرَّحِيمُةِ نَ الْحَمْلُ لِلَّهِ مَتِ الْعُلَمِينَ لُ الرَّحُمْنِ الرَّحِيمُ لُ مَلِكِ يَوْمِ البَّرِينِ ثَ إِيَّاكَ نَعْبُلُ وَإِيَّاكَ نَسْتَعِينُ ثَ مِرَاطَ الَّذِينَ اَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِمُ فَيَدُرِ الْمُعْضُوْبِ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّالِينَ خَ

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

¹Praise be to Allah, the Lord of the worlds, ²The Beneficent, the Merciful, ³Master of the day of Requital. ⁴Thee alone do we serve and to Thee alone do we beseech for help. ⁵Guide us on the right path, ⁶the path of those upon whom Thou hast bestowed favours, ⁷not those upon whom wrath is brought down, nor those who go astray.

- 2 -

CHAPTER 2

Al-Baqarah :THE COW

(Revealed at Madinah: 40 Sections; 286 Verses)

The name of this chapter is taken from the story narrated in vv. 67-71, regarding the slaughter of a cow. As this chapter deals chiefly with the Jews, and as cow-worship was the particular form of idolatry which took a hold among the Jews, the importance of the incident seems to have been rightly estimated in giving this chapter the name that it bears.

The chapter deals mainly with the Jews and their contentions against Islam, and hence it is that much of the legislation, details of which necessarily differ from the Jewish law, and most of the Jewish objections to the prophethood of Muhammad—peace and blessings of Allah be on him!—are dealt with in this chapter. The chapter opens with a brief statement of the fundamental principles of Islam, and, after mentioning the consequences of their acceptance or rejection and dealing with lip-profession draws an inference of the truth of those principles, and more particularly of Divine Unity, by referring to the work of God in nature.

Al-Baqarah contains, side by side with its constant stress on the necessity of God-consciousness, frequent allusions to the errors committed by people who followed the earlier revelations, in particular the children of Israel. All through the surah runs the note of warning, which sounds indeed throughout the whole Qur'an, that it is not the mere profession of a creed, but righteous conduct, which is true religion.

It contains rules for fasting, pilgrimage, bequests, almsgiving, divorce, prohibited foods, contracts and warfare, and also discountance usury, intoxicants and gambling. Much of the legal ordinances provided in this *surah* touch upon questions of ethics, social relations and warfare. Again and again it is pointed out that the legislation of the Qur'an corresponds to the true requirements of man's nature, and as such is but a continuation of the ethical guidance offered by God to man ever since the beginning of human history. Bis mil-laa-hir Rah-maa-nir Ra-heem.

- 1. A-lif laam meem.
- 2. Zaa-li-kal ki-taa-bu laa ray-ba feeh, hu-dal lil-mut-ta-qeen.
- 3. Al-la-zee-na yu'-mi-noo-na bil-ghaybi wa yu-qee-moo-nas sa-laa-ta wa mim-maa ra-zaq-naa-hum yun-fi-qoon.
- Wal-la-zee-na yu'-mi-noo-na bi-maa un-zi-la i-lay-ka wa maa un-zi-la min qab-lik, wa bil aa-<u>kh</u>i-ra-ti hum yooqi-noon.
- 5. u-laa-i-ka 'a-laa hu-dam mir rab-bihim, wa u-laa-i-ka hu-mul muf-li-hoon.
- In-nal la-zee-na ka-fa-roo sa-waa-un 'a-lai-him a'-an-zar-ta-hum am lam tun-zir-hum laa yu'-mi-noon.
- 7. <u>Kha-ta-mal laa-hu 'a-laa qu-loo-bi-</u> him, wa 'a-laa sam-'i-him, wa 'a-laa ab-saa-ri-him ghi-shaa-wah, wa la-hum 'a-<u>z</u>aa-bun 'a-zeem.

بسُع الله الرَّحْبِ مِن الرَّحِيْمِ 0 الموق اً ذلكَ الْكِتْبُ لَارَبْتَ فِنْهِ مُرَّى لِلْمُتَقَبَّنُ * الآن يُوَمِنُونَ بِالْغَيْبِ وَيُقِيمُونَ الصَّلِعَ وَمِيمًا سَرَدَقْنَهُمْ يُنْفِقُونَ ﴿ وَالَّذِيْنَ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِنَآَ أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ وَمَاً ٱنْزِلَ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ وَبِالْإِخْرَةِ هُمْ يُوْقِنُونَ ﴾ أوليك على هُدًاى مِّنْ تَرَبِّهِمْ وَأُولَيْكَ مُور المُفْلِحُونَ · إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا سَوَاءً عَلَيْهِمْ ءَ أَنْنُ دَنَّهُمْ امر کمر تندن *م*اهم لا یو منون () خَتْهَ اللهُ عَلَى قُلُوْ بِهِمْ وَعَلَى سَبْعِهُمْ وَعَلَى ٱبْصَارِهِمْ غِشَاوَةٌ نَوْ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيْهُ أَنَّ

SECTION 1 : Fundamental Principles of Islam

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

¹I, Allah, am the best Knower. ²This Book, there is no doubt in it, is a guide to those who keep their duty, ³who believe in the Unseen and keep up the prayer and spend out of what We have given them. ⁴And who believe in that which has been revealed to thee (O Prophet) and that which was revealed before thee, and of the Hereafter they are sure. ⁵These are on a right course from their Lord and these it is that are successful. ⁶Those who disbelieve – it being alike to them whether thou warn them or warn them not – they will not believe. ⁷Allah has sealed their hearts and their hearing; and on their eyes is a covering, and for them is a grievous chastisement.

- Wa mi-nan naa-si man/y ya-qoo-lu, aa-man-naa bil-laa-hi wa bil-yaw-mil aa-khi-ri, wa maa hum bi-mu'-mi-neen.
- Yu-<u>kh</u>aa-di-'oo-nal laa-ha wal-la-<u>z</u>eena aa-ma-noo, wa maa ya<u>kh</u>-da-'oo-na il-laa an-fu-sa-hum, wa maa ya<u>sh</u>-'uroon.

وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ يَقُوُّنُ أَمَنَّا بِاللَّهِ وَبِالَيُوْمِ الْحِزِ وَمَاهُمُ بِمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ۞ يُحْلِ عُوْنَ اللَّهُ وَالَّنْ يُنَ الْمَنُوْا وَمَا يَخْدَعُوْنَ إِلَا ٱنْفُسْهُمُ وَوَمَا يَشْعُرُوْنَ ۞

SECTION 2 : Lip-profession

⁸And there are some people who say: We believe in Allah and the Last Day; but they are not believers. ⁹They seek to deceive Allah and those who believe, and they deceive none but themselves and they perceive not.

____4 ___

- fee qu-loo-bi-him ma-ra-dun, fa-zaada-hu-mul laa-hu ma-ra-daa, wa lahum 'a-<u>z</u>aa-bun a-leem, bi-maa kaanoo yak-<u>z</u>i-boon.
- 11. wa i-<u>z</u>aa qee-la la-hum, laa tuf-si-doo fil ar-di, qaa-loo, in-na-maa nah-nu mus-li-hoon.
- a-laa, in-na-hum hu-mul muf-si-doona, wa laa-kil laa ya<u>sh</u>-'u-roon.
- 13. wa i-zaa qee-la la-hum, aa-mi-noo, ka-maa aa-ma-nan naa-su, qaa-loo anu'-mi-nu ka-maa aa-ma-nas su-fahaa-u, a-laa, in-na-hum hu-mus su-fahaa u, wa laa-kil laa ya'-la-moon.
- 14. wa i-<u>z</u>aa la-qul la-<u>z</u>ee-na aa-ma-noo, qaa-loo aa-man-naa, wa-i-<u>z</u>aa <u>kh</u>alaw i-laa <u>sh</u>i-yaa-teen-ni-him, qaa-loo, in-naa ma-'a-kum, in-na-maa nah-nu mus-tah-zi-'oon.
- 15. al-laa-hu yas-tah-zi-u bi-him, wa yamud-du-hum fee tugh-yaa-ni-him ya'ma-hoon.
- 16. u-laa-i-kal la-zee-/na-<u>sh</u>-ta-ra-/wud da-laa-la-ta bil-hu-daa, fa-maa ra-bihat ti-jaa-ra-tu-hum, wa ma kaa-noo muh-ta-deen.

¹⁰ In their hearts is disease, so Allah increased their disease, and for them is a painful chastisement because they lie. ¹¹ And when it is said to them, Make not mischief in the land, they say: We are but peace-makers. ¹² Now surely they are the mischief-makers, but they perceive not, ¹³ And when it is said to them, Believe as the people believe, they say: Shall we believe as the fools believe? Now surely they are the fools, but they know not. ¹⁴ And when they meet those who believe, they say, We believe; and when they are alone with their devils, they say: Surely we are with you, we were only mocking. ¹⁵ Allah will pay them back their mockery, and He leaves them alone in their inordinacy, blindly wandering on. ¹⁶ These are they who buy error for guidance, so their bargain brings no gain, nor are they guided.

ڣ۬ٛ ؿؙؙڰٛۏؚۑۿۣڡۯ۫ۿۜڒڞٛ؇ڣۯؘٳۮۿڡؙۯٳٮڵؿ ڡؘڒۻٵ ۅؘڵۿڡؗۯۼۮؘٳڹٵڵۣؽ۫ۄٛ؉ٛؠؚؠٵػٳڹۊٛٳؾػ۫ڕ۬ۑؙۯ۬ڹ

دَاذَا فِيْلَ لَهُمُ لَا تُفْسِدُوا فِ الْاَزْحِنْ قَالُوًا
الْنَّبَ اَحَتْ مُصْلِحُوْنَ @

ٱلَا إِنَّهُمْ هُمُ الْمُفْسِدُونَ وَلَكُنْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ⁹

وَإِذَاقِيْلَ لَمُوْ إِمِنُوْ الْمَا مَنَ النَّاسُ قَالُوْ) أَنُوْمِنُ كَمَا أَمَنَ السَّفَهَا * أَلَا إِنَّهُمُ هُمُ الشُّفَهَا * وَلِحِنْ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ @

وَإِذَا لَقُوا الَّذِيْنَ امَنُوْا قَالُوْا الْمَنَّةَ وَإِذَا خَكُوْا إِلَى شَيْطِيْنِهِ مُوْقَالُوْا إِنَّا مَعَكُمُ إِنَّهَا نَحْنُ مُسْتَهْنِ مُوْنَ @

ٱللهُ يَسْتَهُونَ يُعِمْ وَ يَمُنَّ هُمْ فِي طُغْيَانِمُ يَعْهُونَ @

ٱولَيِكَ أَلَّذِيْنَ اشْتَرَوُا الضَّلَكَةَ بِالْعُرْىّ فَيَا دَبِحَتْ تِبْجَارَتُهُمُ وَمَا كَانُوْا مُهْتَدِيْنَ ®

- 17. ma-sa-lu-hum ka-ma-sa-lil la-zis-/ taw-qa-da naa-raa, fa-lam-maa a-daaat maa haw-la-hoo, za-ha-bal laa-hu bi-noo-ri-him, wa ta-ra-ka-hum fee zu-lu maa-til, laa yub-si-roon.
- 18. sum-mun, buk-mun, 'um-yun, fa-hum, laa yar-ji-'oon,
- 19. aw ka-say-yi-bim mi-nas sa-maa-i' fee-hi zu-lu-maa-tun-w wa ra'-dun-w wa barq, yaj-'a-loo-na a-saa-bi-'a-hum fee aa-zaa-ni-him mi-nas sa-waa-'i-qi ha-za-ral mawt, wal laahu mu-hee-tum bil-kaa-fi-reen.
- 20. Ya-kaa-dul bar-qu yakh-ta-fu ab-saara-hum, kul-la-maa a-daa-a'-la-hum ma-shaw fee-hi, wa i-zaa az-la-ma 'a-lai-him qaa-moo, wa law shaa-al laa-hu la-za-ha-ba bi-sam-'i-him wa ab-saa-ri-him, in-nal laa-ha 'a-laa kul-li shay-'in qa-deer.
- 21. Yaa-ay-yu-han naa-su'-bu-doo rabba-ku-mul la-zee <u>kh</u>a-la-qa-kum wal la-zee-na min qab-li-kum, la-'al-lakum tat-ta-qoon.

مَتَلَهُمُ كَمَتَلَ الَّذِي اسْتَوْقَلَ نَاحًا * فَلَكَا آضَاءَتُ مَا حُوْلَهُ ذَهَبَ اللَّهُ بِنُوْدِهِمُ وَ تَرَكَّهُمُ فِيْ ظُلُنْتٍ لَا يُبُصِرُونَ @

م بي مدور ودن مو در يرد ودر « صقر نگه عمي فهمد لا يرجعون «

ٱوْكَصَيِّبٍ مِّنَ السَّمَاء فِيه ظُلُنَتْ وَرَعْنُ وَ بَرْقٌ يَجْعَلُوْنَ أَصَابِعَهُمُ فِي أَذَانِهِم مِّنَ الصَّوَاعِقِ حَنَدَ الْمُوْتِ وَاللَّهُ فَحِيْظُ بِالْكَفِرِينَ

يَكَادُ الْبَرْقُ يَخْطَفُ اَبْصَارَهُمُ كُلَّماً آصَاءَ لَهُمْ مَشْوًا فِيُهِنِي وَإِذَا أَظْلَمَ عَلَيْهِمُ قَامُوا حُرَوْ شَاءًا اللهُ لَلَهُ * * بِسَمُعِهُمُ وَاَبْصَارِحُ أَنْ الله عَلَى كُلِّ شَى عَوْلَيْنُ

َيَايَّهُا النَّاسُ اعْبُلُوا رَبَّكُمُ الَّنِي خَلَقَكُمُ وَالَّزِيْنَ مِنْ قَبُلِكُمُ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَتَقَوُنَ ٥

SECTION 3 : Divine Unity

¹⁷ Their parable is as the parable of one who kindles a fire, but when it illumines all around him, Allah takes away their light, and leaves them in darkness—they cannot see. ¹⁸ Deaf, dumb, (and) blind, and they cannot turn back. ¹⁹ Or like abundant rain from cloud in which is darkness, and thunder and lightning; they put their fingers into their ears because of the thunder-peal, for fear of death. And Allah encompasses the disbelievers. ²⁰ The lightning almost takes away their sight. Whenever it shines forth for them they walk in it, and when it becomes dark to them they stand still. And if Allah had pleased, He would have taken away their hearing and their sight. Surely Allah is Possessor of power over all things. ²¹ O men, serve your Lord Who created you and those before you, so that you may guard against evil.

-6 -

- 22. Al-la-zee ja-'a-la la-ku-mul ar-da fi-raa-shan-w was-sa-maa-a' bi-naaan-w wa an-za-la mi-nas sa-maa-i maa-'an fa-akh-ra-ja bi-hee mi-nas sa-ma-raa-ti riz-qal la-kum, fa-laa taj-'a-loo lil-laa-hi an-daa-dan-w wa an-tum ta'-la-moon.
- 23. Wa in kun-tum fee ray-bim mimmaa naz-zal-naa 'a-laa 'ab-di-naa fa'-too bi-soo-ra-tim mim mig-lih, wad-'oo shu-ha-daa-a-kum min doonil laa-hi in kun-tum saa-di-qeen.
- 24. Fa-il lam taf-'a-loo wa lan taf-'a-loo fat-ta-qun naa-ral la-tee wa-qoo-duhan naa-su wal-hi-jaa-rah, u-'id-dat lil-kaa-fi-reen.
- 25. Wa bash-shi-ril la-zee-na aa-manoo wa 'a-mi-lus saa-li-haa-ti an-nala-hum jan-naa-tin taj-ree min tah-tihal an-haar, kul-la-maa ru-zi-qoo min-haa min sa-ma-ra-tir riz-qan, qaa-loo, haa-zal la-zee ru-ziq-naa min qab-lu, wa u-too-bi-hee mu-ta-shaabi-haa, wa la-hum fee-haa az-waajum mu-tah-ha-rah, wa hum fee-haa khaa-li-doon.

الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ الْآَمُضَ فِرَاشًا وَّ السَّبَاءَ بِنَاءً ۖ وَآنُزَلَ مِنَ السَّبَاءِ مَاءً فَاَخْرَجَ بِهِ مِنَ الشَّبَرُتِ بِرِزْقَا لَكُمُ ۖ فَلَا تَجْعَلُوْا بِلَّهِ آنْدَادًا وَ آنْتَمُ تَعْلَبُوْنَ ۞

وَإِنْ لَنْنَهُمْ فِنْ رَيْبٍ مِّمَّا نَزَّلْنَاعَلْ عَبْرِينَا كَأْتُوَا بِسُوْرَةٍ صِّنْ مِّتْلَمٍ وَادْعُوْا شُهْدَاءَكُمْ مِّنُ دُوْنِ الله إِنْ كُنْتَمُ صِلِقِيْنَ @

فَإِنْ لَمُرْتَفَعَلُوْا وَلَنْ تَفْعَلُوْا فَاتَّقُوْا النَّارَ الَّتِي وَقُوُدُهَا النَّاسُ وَالْحِجَارَةُ أَجْتَنَ لِلَفْنِيُنَ®

وَبَشِّرِ إِلَّنِ بَنَ امَنُوْا وَعَمِلُوا السَّلِحَتِ أَنَّ لَهُمُ جَنَّتٍ تَجْرِى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْآلْهُ رُحْكَمَا مُزِقُوْمُ مِنْهَا مِنْ تَمَرَةٍ تِرَدُقًا تَخَالُوُا هَذَا الَّذِي مُ رُزِقْنَا مِنْ قَبْلُ ثُوَ أَتُوَا بِهِ مُتَشَابِهَا مُوَلَهُمُ فِيْهَا آَذُوا جُمُعَلِيَ قَالَة وَهُمْ فِيْهَا خَلِدُوْنَ @

²²Who made the earth a resting-place for you and the heaven a structure, and sends down rain from the clouds then brings forth with it fruits for your sustenance; so do not set up rivals to Allah while you know. ²³And if you are in doubt as to that which We have revealed to Our servant, then produce a chapter like it and call on your helpers besides Allah if you are truthful. ²⁴But if you do (it) not – and you can never do (it) – then be on your guard against the fire whose fuel is men and stones; it is prepared for the disbelievers. ²⁵And give good news to those who believe and do good deeds, that for them are Gardens in which rivers flow. Whenever they are given a portion of the fruit thereof, they will say: This is what was given to us before; and they are given the like of it. And for them therein are pure companions and herein they will abide.

- 26. In-nal laa-ha laa yas-tah-yee an-y yad-ri-ba ma-sa-lam maa ba-'ooda-tan fa-maa faw-qa-haa, fa-ammal la-zee-na aa-ma-noo fa-ya'-lamoo-na an-na-hul haq-qu mir rabbi-him, wa am-mal la-zee-na ka-faroo fa-ya-qoo-loo-na maa zaa a-raadal laa-hu bi-haa-zaa ma-sa-laa, yudil-lu bi-hee ka-see-ran-w wa yahdee bi-hee ka-see-raa, wa maa yudil-lu bi-hee il-lal faa-si-qeen.
- 27. Al-la-zee-na yan-qu-doo-na 'ah-dal laa-hi mim ba'-di mee-şaa-qih, wa yaq-ţa-'oo-na maa a-ma-ral laa-hu bi-hee an-y yoo-şa-la wa yuf-sidoo-na fil ard, u-laa-i-ka hu-mul <u>kh</u>aa-si-roon.
- 28. Kay-fa tak-fu-roo-na bil-laa-hi wa kun-tum am-waa-tan fa-ah-yaa-kum, sum-ma yu-mee-tu-kum sum-ma yuh-yee-kum sum-ma i-lay-hi tur-ja-'oon.
- 29. Hu-wal la-zee <u>kh</u>a-la-qa la-kum maa fil ar-di ja-mee-'aa, <u>sum-mas-</u> ta-waa i-las sa-maa-i fa-saw-waahun-na sab-a' sa-maa-waat, wa huwa bi-kul-li <u>sh</u>ay-in 'a-leem.

ان الله لا يستنفى آن يتضرب منذلا ما بعوصة فما فوتها مناما اللاين المنوا فيعلدون الله المحقَّ مِن تَدَّيمُ وَامَا اللَّن يُن لَفَهُ وَافَيعَلُونَ اللهُ المُحقَّ مِن تَدَيمُ وَامَا اللَّن يُن لَفَهُ وَافَيعَوْلُونَ يَهُوى به كَثِيرًا وَمَا يُضِلُ بِهَ إِلاَ الْفُسِتِينَ

الَّذِيْنَ يَنْفَضُونَ عَهْدَ اللَّهِ مِنْ بَعْدٍ مِيْنَاقِهِ وَبَقْطَعُونَ مَا آمَرَ اللَّهُ بِهَ أَن يَّوْصَلَ وَيُهْسِدُونَ فِ الْآثَرُيْنِ أُولِيكَ هُمُ الْخُسِرُونَنَ

كَيْفَ تَكْفُرُون بِاللَّهِ وَكُنْتُو مُوَاتًا فَأَحْيَا لُغُرْ تَحْ يُعِينُكُمُ تُحَدَّيُ يُحْيِنُكُمُ تُحَرَّا لَيْهِ تُرْجَعُون @

ۿؙۅؘٳڵٙٳ۬ؽڂؘڮؾؘؗۘڵػؙؙؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؗۿؙٵڣٳڶٲٮؙڕۻۼٮۣؽؙڴٵ ؿؙۿۜٳڛؙؾؘۅٛٙۑٳڶۑٳڶۺؠؘٵٚۦڣڛڗ۠ٮۿڹۜ ڛٮڋ؆ ؋۪ ڛؠڶۅؾ۪ ۄؘۿۅؘۑؚۣۘڲڸ؆ۺؽۼ ۼڸؽۿۯ

²⁶ Surely Allah disdains not to set forth any parable—a gnat or anything less than that. Then as for those who believe, they know that it is the truth from their Lord; and as for those who disbelieve, they say: What is it that Allah means by this parable? Many He leaves in error by it and many He leads aright by it. And He leaves in error by it only the transgressors. ²⁷Who break covenant of Allah after its confirmation and cut asunder what Allah has ordered to be joined, and make mischief in the land. These it is that are the losers. ²⁸How can you deny Allah and you were without life and He gave you life? Again, He will cause you to die and again bring you to life, then you shall be brought back to Him. ²⁹He it is Who created for you all that is in the earth. Then He directed Himself to the heave, and made them complete seven heavens; and He is Knower of all things.

- 30. wa iz qaa-la rab-bu-ka lil-ma-laa-ika-ti in-nee jaa-'i-lun fil ar-di <u>kh</u>alee-fah, qaa-loo, a-taj-'a-lu fee-haa man-y yuf-si-du fee-haa wa yas-fikud di-maa-a', wa naḥ-nu nu-sab-biḥu bi-ḥam-di-ka wa nu-qad-di-su lak, qaa-la in-nee a'-la-mu maa laa ta'-la-moon.
- 31. Wa 'al-la-ma aa-da-mal as-maa-a' kul-la-haa, gum-ma 'a-ra-da-hum 'alal ma-laa-i-kah, fa-qaa-la, am-bi-oonee bi-as-maa-i' haa-u-laa-i' in kuntum saa-di-qeen.
- 32. Qaa-loo sub-haa-na-ka laa 'il-ma la-naa il-laa maa 'al-lam-ta-naa, inna-ka an-tal 'a-lee-mul ha-keem.
- 33. Qaa-la yaa-aa-da-mu am-bi'-hum bias-maa-i-him, fa-lam-maa am-ba-ahum bi-as-maa-i-him, qaa-la a-lam a-qul la-kum in-nee a'-la-mu ghaybas sa-maa-waa-ti wal ard, wa a'-lamu maa tub-doo-na wa maa kuntum tak-tu-moon.
- 34. Wa iz qul-naa lil-ma-laa-i-ka-tis/-judoo li-aa-da-ma fa-sa-ja-doo il-laa ib-lees, a-baa was-tak-ba-ra wa kaana mi-nal kaa-fi-reen.

وَإِذْ قَالَ رَبُّكَ لِلْمَلَلِيكَةِ إِنِّي جَاعِلٌ فِي الْأَرْضِ خَلِيُفَكَّ قَالُوْا اَتَجْعَلُ فِيهَا مَنْ يَغْسِلُ فِيهَا وَيَسْفِكُ الرَّمَاءَ وَنَحْنُ نُسَبِّحُ بِحَمْ لِكَ وَ نُعَرِّسُ لَكَ قَالَ إِنِّي آَعْلَمُ مَالَا تَعْلَمُوْنَ

وَعَلَّمَ أَدَمَ الْآَنْيَاءَ كُلُّهَا تُمَّ عَرَضَهُمْ عَلَى الْمَالِيَكَةِ فَقَالَ ٱنْبُحُوْنِي بِأَسْمَاءٍ هَؤُلَا إِنْ كُنْتُمُ صِرِقِيْنَ

قَانُوْاسُبُحْنَكَ لَاعِلْمَ لَنَا اللَّامَاعَلَمْتَنَا التَّكَ ٱنْتَ الْعَلِيْمُ الْحَكِيْمُ ۞

قَالَ يَادَمُ أَخَبِنُهُمُ بِأَسُمَا بِهِمْ فَلَكَا أَنَّبَاهُمُ بِاسْمَا بِهِمْ قَالَ أَلَمُ أَقُلُ لَكُمُ إِنِّي أَعْلَمُ عَيْبَ السَّبُوتِ وَالْآمَنِ وَأَعْلَمُ مَا تُبُدُونَ وَمَا كُنْ نُمُ تَرَجْ تُمُونَ ۞

وَإِذْ قُلْنَا لِلْمَلَيْكَةِ اسْجُلُوْالِادَمَ فَسَجَلُوَالِلَا اِبْلِيْسَ آبِى وَاسْتَكْبَرَ فَي وَكَانَ مِنَ الْكَنْدِيْنَ @

SECTION 4: Greatness of Man and Need of Revelation

³⁰ And when thy Lord said to angels, I am going to place a ruler in the earth, they said: Wilt Thou place in it such as make mischief in it and shed blood? And we celebrate Thy praise and extol Thy holiness. He said: Surely I know what you know not. ³¹ And He taught Adam all the names, then presented them to the angels; He said: Tell Me the names of those if you are right. ³² They said: Glory be to Thee! We have no knowledge but that which Thou has taught us. Surely Thou are the Knowing, the Wise. ³³ He said: O Adam, inform them of their names. So when he informed them of their names. He said: Did I not say to you that I know what is unseen in the heavens and the earth? And I know what you manifest and what you hide. ³⁴ And when We said to the angels, Be submissive to Adam, they submitted, but *Iblis* (did not). He refused and was proud, and he was one of the disbelievers.

- 35. Wa qul-naa yaa-aa-da-mus-kun anta wa zaw-ju-kal jan-na-ta wa kulaa min-haa ra-gha-dan hay-su shi'tu-maa, wa laa taq-ra-baa haa-zihish sha-ja-ra-ta fa-ta-koo-naa minaz zaa-li-meen.
- 36. Fa-a-zal-la-hu-mash shay-taa-nu 'anhaa fa-akh-ra-ja-hu-maa mim-maa kaa-naa feeh, wa qul-nah-bi-too ba'-du-kum li-ba'-din 'a-duww, wa la-kum fil ar-di mus-ta-qar-run-w wa ma-taa-'un i-laa heen.
- 37. Fa-ta-laq-qaa aa-da-mu mir rab-bihee ka-li-maa-tin fa-taa-ba 'a-layh, in-na-hoo hu-wat taw-waa-bur raheem.
- 38. Qul-nah-bi-too min-haa ja-mee-'aa, fa-im-maa ya'-ti-yan-na-kum minnee hu-dan, fa-man ta-bi-'a hu-daayaa, fa-laa <u>kh</u>aw-fun 'a-lay-him wa laa hum yah-za-noon.
- 39. Wal-la-<u>z</u>ee-na ka-fa-roo wa ka<u>z</u>-<u>z</u>aboo bi-aa-yaa-ti-naa, u-laa-i-ka aşhaa-bun naar, hum fee-haa <u>kh</u>aali-doon.

وَقُلْنَا يَادَمُ اسْكُنُ آنْتَ وَزَوْجُكَ الْجَنَّةَ وَكُلَامِنْهَا رَغَلَاحِيْثُ شِنْتُمَا مَوَ لَا تَقْرَبَا هٰذِهِ الشَّجَرَةَ فَتَكُوْنَا مِنَ الظَّلِيِيْنَ@

فَازَلْهُمَا الشَّيْطِنُ عَنْهَا فَاخْرَجَهُمَامِمًا كَانَا فِيُحَرُّ وَقُلْنَا الْمَبِطُوْا بَعْضُكُم لِبَعْضٍ عَدُوَّ وَلَكُمْ فِي الْآثَرُضِ مُسْتَقَرَّ وَ مَتَاعٌ إِلَى حِايَنٍ @

فَتَنَقَّى أَدَمُر مِنُ تَاتِبَه كَلِيلَتٍ فَتَابَ عَلَيْهِ إِنَّهُ هُوَ التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِيمُمُ ٢

قُلْنَا الْهِبِطُوْامِنْهَا جَبِيْعًا فَلَمَّا يَأْتِيَتَكُمُ مِّنِي هُدًى فَمَن تَبِعَ هُدَاى فَلاخُوْنٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَخْزَنُوْنَ @

وَالَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوا وَكَنَّ بُوْا بِالْنِيَا أُوْلَمِكَ أَحْبُ

³⁵ And We said: O Adam, dwell thou and thy wife in the garden, and eat from it a plenteous (food) wherever you wish, and approach not this tree (of evil), lest you be of the unjust. ³⁶ But the Devil made them slip from it, and caused them to depart from the state in which they were. And We said: Go forth, some of you are enemies of others. And there is for you in the earth an abode and a provision for a time. ³⁶ Then Adam received (revealed) words from his Lord, and He turned to him (mercifully). Surely He is Oft-returning (to mercy), the Merciful. ³⁸ We said: Go forth from this state all. Surely there will come to you a guidance from Me, then whoever follows My guidance, no fear shall come upon them, nor shall they grieve. ³⁹ And (as to) those wno disbelieve in and reject Our messages, they are the companions of the Fire; in it they will abide.

- 40. Yaa-ba-nee is-raa-ee-la<u>z</u>-ku-roo nima-ti-yal la-tee an-'am-tu 'a-laykum wa aw-foo bi-'ah-dee oo-fi bi-'ah-di-kum, wa ee-yaa-ya far-haboon.
- 41. Wa aa-mi-noo bi-maa an-zal-tu mu-sad-di-qal li-maa ma-'a-kum wa laa ta-koo-noo aw-wa-la kaa-fi-rim bih, wa laa ta<u>sh</u>-ta-roo bi-aa-yaa-tee sa-ma-nan qa-lee-laa, wa ee-yaa-ya fat-ta-qoon.
- 42. Wa laa tal-bi-sul haq-qa bil-baa-tili wa tak-tu-mul haq-qa wa an-tum ta'-la-moon.
- 43. We a-qee-mus sa-laa-ta wa aa-tuz za-kaa-ta war-ka-'oo ma-'ar raa-ki-'een.
- 44. A-ta'-mu-roo-nan naa-sa bil-bir-ri wa tan-saw-na an-fu-sa-kum wa antum tat-loo-nal ki-taab, a-fa-laa ta'qi-loon.
- 45. Was-ta-'ee-noo biş-şab-ri waş-şalaah, wa in-na-haa la-ka-bee-ra-tun il-laa 'a-lal <u>kh</u>aa-<u>shi</u>-'een.
- 46. Al-la-zee-na ya-zun-noo-na an-nahum mu-laa-qoo'rab-bi-him, wa anna-hum i-lay-hi raa-ji-'oon.

يْبَنِي إِسْرَاجِيْلَ اذْكُرُوْا لِعْمَتِي الَّتِي آمَعْمَتْتُ عَلَيْكُمُوَ أَوْفُوْا لِعَهْدِي أَوْفِ بِعَهْ لِحُمَّ وَإِيَّا يَ ذَارُهُ بُوْنِ @

ۅؘٳڡڹؙۅ۠ٳۑؠؘٵؘڹٛۯڵؿؙ مُصَدِّقًالِّمَا مَعَكْمُ وَلا ؾٛڮۅ۫ڹؙۅٛٵۅۜڶػٳڣڔۑؚ؋ۜۅؘڵٲۺڹڗؙۅ۠ٳۑڵؾؗؿۺؘٮٞ ۊڸؽڴ^ڒۅٳؾٵؽ؋ٵڟڠ۠ۅٛڹ۞

وَلَا تَلْبِسُوا الْحَقَّ بِالْبَاطِلِ وَتَكْتُمُوا الْحَقَّ وَآنْتُمُ تَعْلَمُوْنَ ۞ وَآقِيْبُوا الضَّلُوةَ وَ اتُوا الزَّكْخُوةَ وَ اذْكَعُوْا مَعَ الرُّحِوِيُنَ ۞

ٱتَامُرُوْنَ التَّاسَ بِالْبِرِوَتَنْسَوْنَ ٱنْفُسَكُمْ وَ ٱنْنُمُ تَتَلُوْنَ الْكِتَبْ آفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ @

ۅؘٱڛٞؾٙڡؚؽؙٷٳڽٵڞڹؙؚۅؚۅؘٵڟؖٮڶۅۊٚڂٳڹٚۿٵڶڮؠڲؿؖ ٳڵ؆ٵؘڸٵڷڂۺۣڡؚؽؘڹ۞

الَّذِيْنَ يَظُنُّوْنَ انَهَمُ مُلْقُوْا مَيْقِهِمُ وَأَنَّهُمُ

SECTION 5 : Israelite Prophecies fulfilled in Qur'an

⁴⁰O Children of Israel, call to mind My favour which I bestowed on you and be faithful to (your) covenant with Me, I shall fulfil (My) covenant with you; and Me, Me alone, should you fear. ⁴¹And believe in that which I have revealed, verifying that which is with you, and be not the first to deny it; neither take a mean price for My messages; and keep your duty to Me, Me alone. ⁴²And mix not up truth with falsehood, nor hide the truth while you know. ⁴³And keep up prayer and pay the poor-rate and bow down with those who bow down. ⁴⁴Do you enjoin men to be good and neglect your own souls while you read the Book? Have you then no sense? ⁴⁵And seek assistance through patience and prayer, and this is hard except for the humble ones, ⁴⁶who know that they will meet their Lord and that to Him they will return.

- 47. Yaa-ba-nee is-raa-'ee-la<u>z</u>-ku-roo ni'ma-ti-yal la-tee an-'am-tu 'a-laykum wa an-nee fad-dal-tu-kum 'alal 'aa-la-meen.
- 48. Wat-ta-qoo yaw-mal laa taj-zee nafsun 'an naf-sin <u>sh</u>ay-an-w wa laa yuq-ba-lu min-haa <u>sh</u>a-faa-'a-tun-w wa laa yu'-<u>kh</u>a-<u>z</u>u min-haa 'ad-lun-w wa laa hum yun-sa-roon.
- 49. Wa iz naj-jay-naa-kum min aa-li fir-'aw-na ya-soo-moo-na-kum soo-al 'azaa-bi, yu-zab-bi-hoo-na ab-naa-a'kum wa yas-tah-yoo-na ni-saa-a'kum, wa fee zaa-li-kum ba-laa-um mir rab-bi-kum 'a-zeem.
- 50. Wa iz fa-raq-naa bi-ku-mul bah-ra, fa-an-jay-naa-kum wa agh-raq-naa aa-la fir-'aw-na, wa an-tum tan-zuroon.
- 51. Wa iz waa-'ad-naa moo-saa ar-ba-'ee-na lay-la-tan, sum-mat ta-<u>khaz</u>tu-mul 'ij-la mim ba'-di-hee, wa antum zaa-li-moon.
- 52. Sum-ma 'a-faw-naa 'an-kum mim ba'-di <u>z</u>aa-li-ka, la-'al-la-kum ta<u>sh</u>ku-roon.
- 53. Wa iz aa-tay-naa moo-sal ki-taa-ba wal fur-qaa-na la-'al-la-kum tah-tadoon.

يْبَنِيْ إِسُرَاءِيْلَ أَذْكُوُوانِعْمَتِي الَّتِيَ أَنْعَمَتُ عَلَيْكُمُو أَنِّي فَضَّلْتُكُمُ عَلَى الْعُلَمِينَ @

وَ اتَّقُوْا يَوُمَّالَا نَجْزِى نَفُسٌ عَنْ نَفْسُ شَيْئًا وَلا يُفْبَلُ مِنْهَا شَفَاعَةٌ وَّلا يُوْخَذُ مِنْهَا عَدُلٌ وَلا هُمْ يُنْصَرُوْنَ @

وَإِذْ نَجَيْنُكُمْ رَضِّ الْ فِرْعَوْنَ بَسُوْمُوْنَكُمْ سُوَةً الْعَنَابِ يُنَ بِحُوْنَ ابْنَاءَكُمْ وَيَسْتَحْيُوْنَ نِسَاءَكُمْ وَفِي ذَلِكُمُ بَلَاءٌ مِّنْ سَّ بِبَكُمْ عَظِيمٌ ۞

وَإِذْ فَرَقْنَا بِكُمُ الْبَحْرَ فَأَنْجَيْنَكُمُ وَ أَغْرَقْنَالَ فِوْرَعَوْنَ وَ أَنْ يَوْ تَنْظُرُونَ ۞

وَإِذْ وَعَدْنَا مُوْسَى أَرْبِعِيْنَ لَيُلَةً تُوَ انْخَذْتُوْمُ الْحِجْلَ مِنْ بَعْدِيهَ وَ أَنْ تَعْدِ ظْلِمُوْنَ @

نْتُمَّ عَفَوْنَاعَنْكُمْ مِّنْ بَعْنِ ذَلِكَ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَشْكُرُوْنَ ۞ وَإِذْ الْيَنْا مُوْسَى الْكِتْبَ وَالْفُرُقَانَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَهُتَكُوْنَ ۞

SECTION 6 : Divine Favours on Israel

⁴⁷O children of Israel, call to mind My favour which I bestowed on you and that I made you excel the nations. ⁴⁸ And guard yourselves against a day when no soul will avail another in the least, neither will intercession be accepted on its behalf, nor will compensation be taken from it, nor will they be helped. ⁴⁹ And when We delivered you from Pharaoh's people who subjected you to severe torment, killing your sons and sparing your women, and in this there was a great trial from your Lord. ⁵⁰ And when We parted the sea for you, so We saved you and drowned the people of Pharaoh while you saw. ⁵¹ And when We appointed with Moses, a time of forty nights (on Mount Sinai) then you took the calf (for a god) after him, and you were unjust. ⁵² Then We pardoned you after that so that you might give thanks. ⁵³ And when We gave Moses the Book and the Discrimination that you might be guided aright.

- 54. Wa iz qaa-la moo-saa li-qaw-mi-hee, yaa-qaw-mi, in-na-kum za-lam-tum an-fu-sa-kum bit-ti-<u>khaa-zi</u>-ku-mul 'ij-la, fa-too-boo i-laa baa-ri-i-kum faq-tu-loo an-fu-sa-kum, zaa-li-kum <u>kh</u>ay-rul la-kum 'in-da baa-ri-i-kum, fa-taa-ba 'a-lay-kum, in-na-hoo huwat taw-waa-bur ra-heem.
- 55. Wa iz qul-tum yaa-moo-saa, lan nu'-mi-na la-ka hat-taa na-ral laa-ha jah-ra-tan, fa-a-<u>kha-z</u>at-ku-mus saa-'i-qa-tu wa an-tum tan-zu-roon.
- 56. Sum-ma ba-'as-naa-kum mim ba'-di maw-ti-kum, la-'al-la-kum ta<u>sh</u>-kuroon.
- 57. Wa zal-lal-naa 'a-lay-ku-mul ghamaa-ma wa an-zal-naa 'a-lai-ku-mul man-na was-sal-waa, ku-loo min tay-yi-baa-ti maa ra-zaq-naa-kum, wa maa <u>z</u>a-la-moo-naa, wa laa-kin kaa-noo an-fu-sa-hum yaz-li-moon.
- 58. Wa iz qul-nad-khu-loo haa-zi-hil qar-ya-ta fa-ku-loo min-haa hay-su shi'-tum ra-gha-dan-w, wad-khu-lul baa-ba suj-ja-dan-w wa qoo-loo hitta-tun nagh-fir-la-kum kha-taa-yaakum, wa sa-na-zee-dul muh-si-neen.

وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوْسَى لِقَوْمِهِ لِقَوْمِ التَّكُمُ ظَلَمْتُمُ ٱنفُسُكُمُ بِاتِخْاذِكُمُ الْعِجْلَ فَنُوْبُوَ إِلَى بَارِيكُمُ فَافْتُكُوْ الْنُفْسَكُمْ ذَلِكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَكُمُوعِنْ بَارِيكُمْ فَتَابَ عَلَيْكُمُ أَنَّكُمْ فَوَ التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِبُمُ®

وَ إِذْ قُلْتُعْرِيْمُوْسَى لَنْ نَوْمُوْمِنَ لَكَ حَتَّى نَرَى اللهَ جَهُمَةً فَاحَنَ تُنْكُمُ الصَّعِقَةُ وَ أَنْ تَعْرَتْنُظُرُوْنَ @

ور بروره مرفق بعل موتيكم لعلكم تشكرون ()

وَظَلَّنْنَا عَلَيْكُمُ الْعَمَامَ وَٱنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْكُمُ الْسَنَّ وَالسَّلُوى كُلُوَامِنْ طَيِّبْتِ مَا رَدَقْنَكُمُ وَمَا ظَلَمُوْنَا وَلَكِنْ كَانُوْآ ٱنْفُسُهُ مُ يَظْلِمُوْنَ @

وَإِذْ قُلْنَا ادْخُلُوْا هٰ نِعِ الْقُرُيَة فَحُلُوًا مِنْهَا حَيْثُ شِئْتُمُ مَ عَكَّا وَ ادْخُلُوا الْبَابَ سُجَّنًا وَقُوْلُوُا حِطَّة لَغَنْفِنَ لَكُمُ خَطْبِكُمُ وَسَنَزِنَيْ الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ @

⁵⁴ And when Moses said to his people: O my people, you have surely wronged yourselves by taking the calf (for a god), so turn to your Creator (penitently), and kill your own (guilty) selves. That is best for you with your Creator. So He turned to you (mercifully). Surely He is the Oft-returning (to mercy), the Merciful. ⁵⁵ And when you said: O Moses, we will not believe in thee till we see Allah manifestly, so the punishment overtook you while you looked on. ⁵⁶ Then We raised you up after your stupor that you might give thanks. ⁵⁷ And We made the clouds to give shade over you and We sent to you manna and quails. Eat of the good things that We have given you. And (by sinning) they did not do Us any harm, but they wronged their own souls. ⁵⁸ And when We said: Enter this city (Palestine), then eat from it a plenteous (food) whence you wish, and enter the gate submissively, and make petition for forgiveness. We will forgive you your wrongs and increase the reward of those who do good (to others).

- 59. Fa-bad-da-lal la-<u>z</u>ee-na za-la-moo qaw-lan ghay-ral la-<u>z</u>ee qee-la lahum, fa-an-zal-naa 'a-lal la-<u>z</u>ee-na za-la-moo rij-zam mi-nas sa-maa-i bi-maa kaa-noo yaf-su-qoon.
- 60. wa i-zis-tas-qaa moo-saa li-qaw-mihee, fa-qul-nad-rib bi-'a-saa-kal hajar, fan-fa-ja-rat min-hus-na-taa 'ash-ra-ta 'ay-naa, qad 'a-li-ma kullu u-naa-sim mash-ra-ba-hum, kuloo wash-ra-boo mir riz-qil laa-hi wa laa ta'-saw fil ar-di muf-si-deen.
- 61. Wa iz qul-tum yaa-moo-saa lan nasbi-ra 'a-laa ta-'aa-min-w waa-hi-din, fad-'u la-naa rab-ba-ka yukh-rij lanaa mim-maa tum-bi-tul ar-du mim baq-li-haa wa qis-saa-i-haa wa foomi-haa wa 'a-da-si-haa wa basa-li-haa, gaa-la, a-tas-tab-di-loo-nal la-zee hu-wa ad-naa bil-la-zee hu-wa khayr, ih-bi-too mis-ran, fa-in-na la-kum maa sa-'al-tum, wa du-ribat 'a-lay-hi-muz zil-la-tu wal-maska-nah, wa baa-'oo bi gha-da-bim mi-nal laah, zaa-li-ka bi-an-na-hum kaa-noo yak-fu-roo-na bi-aa-yaa-til laa-hi wa yaq-tu-loo-nan na-bee-yeena bi-ghay-ril haqq, zaa-li-ka bimaa 'a-saww, wa kaa-noo ya'-ta-doon.

فَبَكَّلَ الَّذِيْنَ طَلَمُوُاقَوْلَا عَبُرَالَانِ مَ قِبْنَ لَهُمُ فَأَنْزُلْنَاعَلَ الَّذِيْنَ ظَلَمُوُا رِجُزًا مِّنَ * السَّمَاء بِمَاكَانُوُا يَفْسُقُوْنَ شَ

وَإِذِاسْتَسْفَى مُوْسى لِقَوْمِه فَقُلْنَا اضْرِبْ تِعَصَاكَ الْحَجَرَ فَانْفَجَرَتْ مِنْهُ التَّنَتَا عَشْرَةَ عَيْنًا * قَنْ عَلِمَ كُلُّ أَنَاسٍ مََشْرَيَهُمْ كُلُوْا دَائِشُرَ بُوْا مِنْ رِّتِنْ قِ التَّهِ وَلَا تَعْتُوُا فِي الْآرَضِ مُفْسِدٍ بُنَ ۞

وَ إِذْ قُلْتُمْرِيْمُوْسَى لَنُ نَّصْبِرَعَلَى طَعَامِ وَّاحِيْ فَادْعُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ يُخْرِجُ لَنَامِمَّا تُنْنَبْ أَلْا رُصُ مِنْ بَقْلِهَا وَقِنَّا إِلَى فَوَا وَعَمَا وَعَمَا سَالَ تُمْرُهُ قَالَ اَتَسْبَبُ لُوْنَ الَّذِي هُوَ آذَنِي بِالَّذِي هُوَ خَيْرٌ * إِهْبِطُوْا مِصْرًا فَانَ لَكُوْمِ اَسَالَتُهُمْ وَ صُرِبَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ النَّ لَهُ وَالْسَسْكَنَهُ وَبَاءُوْ بِفَضَبٍ مِّنَ اللَّهِ ذَلِكَ بِالْتَجْتِي بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ بِالْتِ اللَّهِ وَيَقْتُلُوْنَ اللَّهُ خَلُو الْعَسْكَنَهُ وَبَاءُوْ غُذْلِكَ بِمَا عَصَوُا وَتَكَانُوْ النَّهُ خَلُو الْعَنْ يَعْدَرُوا تَحَقَّ * ذَلِكَ بِمَا عَصَوُا وَتَكَانُوا اللَّهُ خُلُو الْعَنْ يَعْدَيُوا نَعْقَ

SECTION 7 : Divine Favours on Israel

⁵⁹But those who were unjust changed the word which had been spoken to them, for another saying, so We sent upon the wrong-doers a pestilence from heaven, because they transgressed. ⁶⁰And when Moses prayed for water for his people, We said: March on to the rock with thy staff. So there flowed from it twelve springs. Each tribe knew their drinking-place. Eat and drink of the provisions of Allah, and act not corruptly, making mischief in the land. ⁶¹And when you said: O Moses, we cannot endure one (kind of) food, so pray to thy Lord on our behalf to bring forth for us out of what the earth grows, of its vegetables and its cucu r. bers and its garlic and its lentils and its onions. He said: Would you exchange that which is better for that which is worse? Enter a city, so you will have what you ask for. And abasement and humiliation were stamped upon them, and they incurred Allah's wrath. That was so because they disbelieved in the messages of Allah and would kill the prophets unjustly. That was so because they disobeyed and exceeded the limits.

- 62. In-nal la-<u>z</u>ee-na aa-ma-noo walla-<u>z</u>ee-na haa-doo wan-na-saa-raa was saa-bi-ee-na, man aa-ma-na bil-laa-hi wal-yaw-mil aa-<u>kh</u>i-ri wa 'a-mi-la saa-li-han, fa-la-hum aj-ruhum 'in-da rab-bi-him, wa laa <u>kh</u>awfun 'a-lay-him wa laa hum yah-zanoon.
- 63. Wa iz a-<u>khaz</u>-naa mee-saa-qa-kum wa ra-fa'-naa faw-qa-ku-mut toor, <u>khu-zoo maa aa-tay-naa-kum bi-quw-</u> wa-tin-w waz-ku-roo maa fee-hi la-'al-la-kum tat-ta-qoon.
- 64. Sum-ma ta-wal-lay-tum mim ba'-di zaa-lik, fa-law-laa fad-lul laa-hi 'a-lay-kum wa rah-ma-tu-hoo, la-kuntum mi-nal khaa-si-reen.
- 65. Wa la-qad 'a-lim-tu-mul la-<u>z</u>ee-na'ta-daw min-kum fis-sab-ti, fa-qul-naa la-hum, koo-noo qi-ra-da-tan <u>kh</u>aa-sieen.
- 66. Fa-ja-'al-naa-haa na-kaa-lal li-maa bay-na ya-day-haa wa maa <u>kh</u>al-fahaa, wa maw-'i-za-tal lil-mut-ta-qeen.
- 67. Wa iz qaa-la moo-saa li-qaw-mi-hee, in-nal laa-ha ya'-mu-ru-kum an tazba-hoo ba-qa-rah, qaa-loo, a-tat-ta-<u>kh</u>i-zu-naa hu-zu-waa, qaa-la, a-'oozu bil-laa-hi an a-koo-na mi-nal jaa-hi-leen.

اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَالَّذِيْنَ حَادُوْا وَالتَّطْرَى وَالصَّبِينَ مَنْ أَمَنَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْأَحِزِ وَعَمِلٌ صَالِحًا فَلَهُمُ آجَرُهُمُ عِنْدَ دَيْقِهِمْ وَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمُ يَخْذَنُوْنَ ۞

وَإِذْ اَخَنْنَامِيْثَاظَكُمْ وَرَفَعْنَا فَوْقَكُمُ الطُّوْمَ خُنُوا مَا اَتَيْنَكُمْ بِقُوَّةٍ وَاذْكُرُوا مَافِيْهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَقَوْنَ @

تُمَّرَّ تَوَلَّيْتُمُرِّقِنْ بَعْسِ ذَلِكَ فَلَوْلا فَشُلُ اللهِ عَلَيْكُمُ وَرَحْمَتُهُ لَكُنْتُمُرِقِّنَ الْخُسِرِيْنَ @

وَلَقَنُ عَلِمُتُمُ الَّنِ بُنَ اعْتَدَوُامِنْكُمُ فِي السَّبَّةِ فَقُلْنَا لَهُمُ كُونُوُ اقِرَدَةً خَسِيٍ بُنَ ٢

فَجَعَلُنْهَا نَكَالًا لِمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهُا وَمَا خَلْفَهَا وَمَوْعِظَةً لِلْمُتَقِيْنَ @ وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوْسَى لِقَوْمِهَ إِنَّ الله يَا مُرُكُمُ أَنْ تَنْ بَحُوْ ابَعَرَةً طَوَالُوَ ا آتَتَجَنِ أَنَا لله يَا مُؤْدُوًا طَالَ اعُوْذُ بِاللهِ آنُ آكُوْنَ مِنَ الْجَهِلِيُنَ @

SECTION 8 : Israelites' Degeneration

⁶² Surely those who believe, and those who are Jews, and the Christians, and the Sabians, whoever believes in Allah and the Last Day and does good, they have their reward with their Lord, and there is no fear for them, nor shall they grieve. ⁶³ And when We made a covenant with you and raised the mountain above you: Hold fast that which We have given you, and bear in mind what is in it, so that you may guard against evil. ⁶⁴ Then after that you turned away; and had it not been for the grace of Allah and His mercy on you, you had certainly been among the losers. ⁶⁵ And indeed you know those among you who violated the Sabbath, so We said to them: Be (as) apes, despised and hated. ⁶⁶ So We made them an example to those who witnessed it and those who came after it, and an admonition to those who guard against evil. ⁶⁷ And when Moses said to his people: Surely Allah commands you to sacrifice a cow. They said: Dost thou ridicule us? He said: I seek refuge with Allah from being one of the ignorant.

- 68. Qaa-lud-'u la-naa rab-ba-ka yu-bayyil la-naa maa hi-ya, qaa-la, in-nahoo ya-qoo-lu in-na-haa ba-qa-ra-tul laa faa-ri-dun-w wa laa bikr, 'a-waanum bay-na <u>z</u>aa-lik, faf-'a-loo maa tu'-ma-roon.
- 69. Qaa-lud-'u la-naa rab-ba-ka yu-bayyil la-naa maa law-nu-haa, qaa-la, in-na-hoo ya-qoo-lu, in-na-haa baqa-ra-tun saf-raa-u', faa-qi- ul law-nuhaa, ta-sur-run naa-zi-reen.
- 70. Qaa-lud-'u la-naa rab-ba-ka yu-bay yil la-naa, maa hi-ya, in-nal ba-qa-ra ta-<u>sh</u>aa-ba-ha 'a-lay-naa, wa in-naa in shaa-al laa-hu la-muh-ta-doon.
- 71. Qaa-la, in-na-hoo ya-qoo-lu, in-na-haa ba-qa-ra-tul laa <u>z</u>a-loo-lun tu-see-rul ar-da wa laa tas-qil hars, mu-sal-lama-tul laa <u>sh</u>i-ya-ta fee-haa, qaa-lul aa-na ji'-ta bil-haqq, fa-<u>z</u>a-ba-hoohaa wa maa kaa-doo yaf-'a-loon.
- 72. Wa iz qa-tal-tum naf-san, fad-daara'-tum fee-haa, wal-laa-hu mu<u>kh</u>-rijum maa kun-tum tak-tu-moon
- 73. Fa-qul-nad-ri-boo-hu bi-ba'-di-haa, ka-<u>z</u>aa-li-ka yuh-yil laa-hul maw-taa, wa yu-ree-kum aa-yaa-ti-hee, la-'alla-kum ta'-qi-loon.

قَالُواادُمُ لَنَارَبَّكَ يُبَيِّنُ لَنَامَاهِي شَكَالُ إِنَّهُ يَعُوُلُ إِنَّهَا بَقَى لَا لَا مَا يُوْمَرُونَ وَلَا يِلُوُ عَوَانٌ بَيْنَ ذَلِكَ فَالْعَدُوا مَا تُوْمَرُونَ @

قَالُواادُعُ لَنَا مَ بَكَ يُبَيِّنُ نَّنَا مَا لَوَنُهَا قَالَ إِنَّهُ يَقُوُلُ إِنَّهَا بَقَرَةٌ صَفْرًا مُ فَاقِعٌ نَّوْنُهُمَا تَسُرُّ النِّظِرِيُنَ ۞

قَالُوا ادْحُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ يُبَيِّنُ لَنَا مَا هِيَ ﴿ إِنَّ الْبَعَرَ تَشْبَهُ عَلَيْنَا * وَإِنَّا إِنْ شَاءَ اللهُ لَهُ تَهُتَ وُوَكَ

قَالَ إِنَّهُ يَقُوُلُ إِنَّهَا بَقَهَ لَا ذَلُوْلُ تُشِيرُ الْأَرْضَ وَلَا تَسْقِى الْحَرْبَ مُسَلَمَةً لَا شِيرَة فِيْهَا حَالُوا الْحُنَ حِثْتَ بِالْحَقِّ فَلَ بَحُوْهَا * وَمَا حَادُوْا يَفْعَلُوْنَ شَ

ۅٙٳۮ۬ڡٙؾڵؿؙڡۯڹڡٛڛٵڣٵڐڒۦٛؿؿۯڣؽۿٵٷٳڵؿؖۿڡؙڂۣؖؿؚ ڡۜٵڝٛڹؿۄۯؾڬؾؙڡۅڹ۞

فَقُلْنَا اضْرِبُوْهُ بِبَعْضِهَا "كَذَلِكَ يُحِي اللهُ الْمُوْتَى وَيُرِيْكُمُ الايتِ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَعْقِلُوْنَ@

SECTION 9 : They grow in Hard-hearteoness

⁶⁸ They said: Call on thy Lord for our sake to make it plain to us what she is. (Moses) said: He says, Surely she is a cow neither advanced in age nor too young, of middle age between these (two); so do what you are commanded. ⁶⁹ They said: Call on thy Lord for our sake to make it clear to us what her colour is. (Moses) said: He says, She is a yellow cow; her colour is intensely yellow delighting the beholders. ⁷⁰ They said: Call on thy Lord for our sake to make it clear to us what she is, for surely to us the cows are all alike, and if Allah please we shall surely be guided aright. ⁷¹ (Moses) said: He says, She is a cow not made submissive to plough the land, nor does she water the tilth, sound, without a blemish in her. They said: Now thou hast brought the truth. So they slaughtered her, though they had not the mind to do (it). ⁷² And when you (almost) killed a man (Jesus), then you disagreed about it. And Allah was to bring forth that which you were going to hide. ⁷³ So We said: Smite (or apply) him with it partially. Thus Allah brings the dead to life, and He shows you His signs that you may understand.

- 74. Sum-ma qa-sat qu-loo-bu-kum mim ba'-di <u>z</u>aa-li-ka, fa-hi-va kal-hi-iaara-ti aw a-<u>sh</u>ad-du qas-wah, wa inna mi-nal hi-jaa-ra-ti la-maa ya-tafaj-ja-ru min-hul an-haar, wa in-na min-haa la-maa ya<u>sh-sh</u>aq-qa-qu faya<u>kh</u>-ru-ju min-hul maa', wa in-na min-haa la-maa yah-bi-tu min <u>khash-</u> ya-til laah, wa mal-laa-hu bi-<u>gh</u>aa-filin 'am-maa ta'-ma-loon.
- 75. A-fa-tat-ma 'oo-na an-y yu'-mi-noo la-kum, wa qad kaa-na fa-reequm min-hum yas-ma-'oo-na kalaa-mal laa-hi, sum-ma yu-har-ri-foona-hoo mim ba'-di maa 'a-qa-loohu, wa hum ya'-la-moon.
- 76. Wa i-<u>z</u>aa la-qul la-<u>z</u>ee-na aa-ma-noo, qaa-loo, aa-man-naa, wa i-<u>z</u>aa <u>kh</u>a-laa ba'-du-hum i-laa ba'-din qaa-loo, a-tu-had-di-soo-na-hum bi-maa fa-ta-hal laa-hu 'a-lay-kum li-yu-haaj-joo-kum bi-hee 'in-da rab-bi-kum, a-fa-laa ta'-qi-loon.
- 77. A-wa-laa ya'-la-moo-na an-nal laa-ha ya'-la-mu maa yu-sir-roo-na wa maa yu'-li-noon.
- 78. wa min-hum um-mee-yoo-na laa ya'-la-moo-nal ki-taa-ba il-laa amaa-nee-ya, wa in hum il-laa ya-zunnoon.

شُمَّ قَسَتُ قُلُوُبُكُمْ مِّنْ بَعْلِ ذَلِكَ فَهِي كَالُحِجَارَةِ أَوْ أَشَنَّ قَسُوةً وَإِنَّ مِنَ الْحِجَارَةِ لَمَا يَتَفَجَّرُ مِنْهُ الْمَاعُ وَإِنَّ مِنْهَا لَمَا يَشَقَّنُ فَيَخُرُمُ مِنْهُ الْمَاعُ وَإِنَّ مِنْهَا لَمَا يَهْبِطُ مِنْ خَشْيَةِ الله وَمَا اللهُ لِغَافِلٍ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُوْنَ @

ٱنْتَظْمَعُوْنَ أَنْ يَّوْمِنُوْالْلَّمُودَتَكُ كَانَ فَرِيْنَ مِنْهُوْ يَسْمَعُوْنَ كَلْمَاللَّهِ تُقَرَيْحَرِّفُونَهُ مِنْ بَعْنِ مَاعَقَلُوْهُ وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ ۞

وَإِذَا لَقُواالَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْانَا لُوَا أَمَنًا * وَإِذَاخَلَا بَعُهُمُ إِلى بَنْعِن قَالُوَّا اتَحْرَانُوْنَهُمْ بِمَافَتَحَ اللهُ عَلَيْكُمُ إِلِيحَاجُوُكُمُ بِهِ عِنْدَ رَبِّكُمُ * أَفَلَا تَتْقِلُوْنَ @

آوَلَا يَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّ اللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا يُسِرُّونَ وَمَا يُعْلِنُونَ[®]

وَمِنْهُمُ أَمِّيَوُنَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ الْكِتْبَ إِلاَ أَمَانِيَ لَا وَإِنْ هُمْ إِلا يَظْنُونَ ۞

⁷⁴ Then your hearts hardened after that, so they were like rocks, rather worse in hardness. And surely there are some rocks from which streams burst forth; and there are some of them which split asunder, so water flows from them; and there are some of them which fall down for the fear of Allah. And Allah is not heed-less of what you do. ⁷⁵ Do you then hope that they would believe in you, and a party from among them indeed used to hear the word of Allah, then altered it after they had understood it, and they know (this). ⁷⁶ And when they meet those who believe they say, We believe, and when they are apart one with another, they say: Do you talk to them of what Allah has disclosed to you that they may contend with you by this before your Lord? Do you not understand? ⁷⁷ Do they know that Allah knows what they keep secret and what they make known? ⁷⁸ And some of them are illiterate; they know not the Book but only (from) hearsay, and they do but conjecture.

- 79. Fa-way-lul lil-la-zee-na yak-tu-boonal ki-taa-ba bi-ay-dee-him, sum-ma ya-qoo-loo-na haa-zaa min 'in-dil laahi, li-yash-ta-roo bi-hee sa-ma-nan qalee-laa, fa-way-lul la-hum mim-maa ka-ta-bat ay-dee-him, wa way-lul la-hum mim-maa yak-si-boon.
- 80. Wa qaa-loo lan ta-mas-sa-nan naaru il-laa ay-yaa-mam ma'-doo-dah, qul, at-ta-<u>kh</u>az-tum 'in-dal laa-hi 'ah-dan, fa-lan-y yu<u>kh</u>-li-fal laa-hu 'ah-da-hoo, am ta-qoo-loo-na 'a-lal laa-hi maa laa ta'-la-moon.
- 81. Ba-laa, man ka-sa-ba say-yi-a-tan-w wa a-haa-tat bi-hee <u>kh</u>a-tee-a-tu-hoo fa-u-laa-i-ka aş-haa-bun naar, hum fee-haa <u>kh</u>aa-li-doon.
- 82. Wal-la-zee-na aa-ma-noo wa 'a-miluş şaa-li-haa-ti, u-laa-i-ka aş-haabul jan-nah, hum fee-haa <u>kh</u>aa-lidoon.
- 83. Wa iz a-<u>khaz</u>-naa mee-saa-qa banee is-raa-ee-la, laa ta^c-bu-doo-na il-lal laah, wa bil-waa-li-day-ni iḥsaa-nan-w wa zil qur-baa wal ya-taamaa wal-ma-saa-kee-ni, wa qoo-loo lin-naa-si ḥus-nan-w, wa a-gee-mus şa-laa-ta wa aa-tuz za-kaah-ha, summa ta-wal-lay-tum il-laa qa-lee-lam min-kum, wa an-tum mu^c-ri-doon.

ڡؘۅؘێؖڴڴؚڷۮؚؽؙؾؘؽڬؿؙۅٛڹٵٮٛڮڹٛڹۑٳٙؽؙۑۯؽۿۣڂٛڎؙڞۜ ؾڠؙۅؙڵۅؙڹۿۮٵڡؚڹٛ؏ڹؙۑٵۺؗٶڸؾۺٞڗۅ۠ٵۑ؋ؾ۫ؠؾۜ ڡٙؽؚؽڴ؇ڡؘۅؽڵڴۿۿڔڟۣؠٵڲؾؠؿٵ۞

وَقَالُوْا لَنُ تَمَسَّنَا النَّارُ إِلاَّ آيَّامًا مَعَدُلُودَةً قُلُ أَتَّخَنُ تُعُرِينُ اللَّهِ عَهُ كَافَلَنُ يُّخْلِفَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَمْدَهُ أَمَدَ لَعَلَمُونَ ٣

بَلْى مَنْ كَسَبَ سَيِّنَةً وَ أَحَاطَتُ بِ مَخَطِيَّعْتُهُ فَاوْلَبِكَ أَصْحِبُ النَّارِرَأَ هُوُ فِيهُا خَلِدُوْنَ ٠

وَالَّذِيْنَ امْتُوَا وَعَبِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ أُولَا لِحَاصَحْبُ فَمْ الْجَنَّةِ عُمُهُ فِيْهَا خَلِدُوْنَ شَ

وَإِذْ اَخَذْ نَامِيْتَاقَ بَنِيَ إِسُرَاءِيْلَ لَا تَعْبُ كُوْنَ إِلاَّ اللَّهُ مَن وَبِالْوَالِدَيْنِ إِحْسَانًا وَّذِى الْقُرْلِي وَ الْيَتْلى وَالْمَسْكِيْنِ وَقُوْلُوْالِلنَّاسِ حُسْنًا وَ آيَيْ مُوَاالصَّلُوةَ وَانْوَاالزَّكُوَةَ ثُقَرَ تَوَلَيْ نُمُوْإِلَا قَلِيُلاً مِنْنَكُمُ وَاَنْ تُعُرَضُتُوْوَنَ @

SECTION 10: Their Covenant and its Violation

⁷⁹Woe! then to those who write the Book with their hands then say, This is from Allah; so that they may take for it a small price. So woe to them for what their hands write, and woe to them for what they earn. ⁸⁰And they say: Fire will not touch us but for a few days. Say: Have you received a promise from Allah? Then Allah will not fail to perform His promise. Or do you speak against Allah what you know not? ⁸¹Yea, whoever earns evil and his sins beset him on every side, those are companions of the Fire; therein they abide. ⁸²And those who believe and do good deeds, these are the owners of the Garden; therein they abide. ⁸³And when We made a covenant with the Children of Israel: You shall serve none but Allah, and do good to (your) parents, and to the near of kin and to orphans and the needy, and speak good (words) to (all) men, and keep up prayer and pay the poor-rate. Then you turned back except a few of you, and you are averse.

- 84. Wa iz a-khaz-naa mee-saa-qa-kum, laa tas-fi-koo-na di-maa-a-kum wa laa tukh-ri-joo-na an-fu-sa-kum min di-yaa-ri-kum sum-ma aq-rar-tum wa an-tum tash-ha-doon.
- 85. Sum-ma an-tum haa-u-laa-i taq-tuan-fu-sa-kum. wa tukh-riloo-na joo-na fa-ree-qam min-kum min divaa-ri-him, ta-zaa-ha-roo-na 'a-layhim bil-is-mi wal-'ud-waan, wa in-v tu-faa-doou-saa-raa va'-too-kum hum, wa hu-wa mu-har-ra-mun 'alay-kum ikh-raa-iu-hum, a-fa-tu'-minoo-na bi-ba'-dil ki-taa-bi wa takfu-roo-na bi-ba'd. fa-maa ja-zaa-u man-v yaf-'a-lu zaa-li-ka min-kum il-laa khiz-yun fil ha-yaa-tid dunvaa, wa yaw-mal qi-yaa-ma-ti yurad-doo-na i-laa a-shad-dil 'a-zaab. wa mal laa-hu bi-ghaa-fi-lin 'am-maa ta'-ma-loon.
- 86. U-laa-i-kal la-zee-nash-ta-ra-wul hayaa-tad dun-yaa bil-aa-khi-rah, falaa yu-khaf-fa-fu 'an-hu-mul 'a-zaabu, wa laa hum yun-sa-roon.

ۅؘٳۮٛٲڂڹٛڹٵڡؚؽؾٞٵڰڵۉڒڵۺڣؚڮۯڹۮؚڡۜٳؘػؿ ۅؘڵٲؾؙڂۛڔؚۼۯڹٵڹڡٛۺٮڮۯۻٙڹۮۑٳڔڵۿڗ۠ۿڗٞٱڎٞۯڗؙۺ۠ ۅؘٵڹؙؾۿۯؾۺۿٮۯۏڹ۞

تُمَّ آنْتُمُ هَوَّلَا وَ تَقْتُلُوْنَ ٱنْفُسُكُمُ وَ تُخْرِجُوْنَ فَرِيْقَامِنْكُمُ مِّنْ دِيَارِهِمُ تَظْهَرُوْنَ عَلَيْهِمُ بِالْاِنْمُ وَهُمُ وَهُو مُحَرَّمٌ عَلَيْكُمُ إِخْرَاجُهُمُ السَّرِى تَفْلُ وَهُمُ وَهُو مُحَرَّمٌ عَلَيْكُمُ إِخْرَاجُهُمُ السَرِي اَفَتَوْمِنُوْنَ بِبَعْضَ الْكِتْبِ وَتَكْفُرُوْنَ بِبَعْضَ فَمَا جَزَاءُ مَنْ يَعْعَلُ ذَلِكَ مِنْكُمُ اللَّحِزُي لَى فَالْحَيْوَ الدَّنْيَا * وَمَا اللَّهُ بِغَافِلٍ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُوْنَ الْ

ٱولَيْكَ الَّذِيْنَ اشْتَرَوُ الْمُعَوْةَ التَّنْيَا بِالْإِخْرَةِ * * فَلَا يُخَفَّفُ عَنْهُمُ الْعَنَابُ وَلَاهُمُ يُنْعَبَرُونَ *

⁸⁴ And When We made a covenant with you: You shall not shed your blood, nor turn your people out of your cities; then you promised and you bear witness. ⁸⁵ Yet you it is who would slay your people and turn a party from among you out of their homes, backing each other up against them unlawfully and exceeding limits. And if they should come to you as captives you would ransom them, whereas their turning out itself was unlawful for you. Do you then believe in a part of the book and disbelieve in the other? What then is the reward of such among you as do this but disgrace in the life of this world, and on the day of Resurrection they shall be sent back to the most grievous chastisement. And Allah is not heedless of what you do. ⁸⁶ These are they who buy the life of this world for the Hereafter, so their chastisement shall not be lightened, nor shall they be helped.

- 87. Wa la-qad aa-tay-naa moo-sal ki-taaba wa qaf-fay-naa mim ba'-di-hee bir-ru-su-li, wa aa-tay-naa 'ee-sabna mar-ya-mal bay-yi-naa-ti wa ayyad-naa-hu bi-roo-hil qu-dus, a-fakul-la-maa jaa-a-kum ra-soo-lum bimaa laa tah-waa an-fu-su-kumus-tak-bar-tum, fa-fa-reen-qan ka<u>z-</u> <u>z</u>ab-tum wa fa-ree-qan taq-tu-loon.
- 88. Wa qaa-loo, qu-loo-bu-naa ghulf, bal la-'a-na-hu-mul laa-hu bi-kufri-him, fa-qa-lee-lam maa yu'-minoon.
- 89. Wa lam-maa jaa-a-hum ki-taa-bum min 'in-dil laa-hi mu-sad-di-qul limaa ma-a'-hum, wa kaa-noo min qab-lu yas-taf-ti-hoo-na 'a-lal lazee-na ka-fa-roo, fa-lam-maa jaa-ahum maa 'a-ra-foo ka-fa-roo bi-hee, fa-la'-na-tul laa-hi 'a-lal kaa-fi-reen.
- 90. Bi'-sa-ma sh-ta-raw bi-hee an-fu-sahum, an-y yak-fu-roo bi-maa an-zalal laa-hu bagh-yan an-y yu-naz-zilal laa-hu min fad-li-hee 'a-laa man-y ya-shaa-u min 'i-baa-dih, fa baaoo bi-gha-da-bin 'a-laa gha-dab, wa lil-kaa-fi-ree-na 'a-zaa-bum mu-heen.

وَلَقَنَ اتَيْنَامُوْسَى الْكِتَبَ وَتَظَيَّنَا مِنْ بَعْدِهِ بِالرَّسُلُ وَاتَيْنَاعِيْسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ الْبَيِّنَتِ وَ آيَنَ نَهُ بُوُوْج الْقُكُرُ أَفَكُلَنَاجاءَ كُمُرْدَسُوْلٌ بِمَا لَا تَهُوْى الْفُسُكُمُ اسْتَكْبُرُ تُمُوْفَقِي يُقًا

وَقَالُوْا قُلُوْبُنَاعُلُفٌ مَبَلْ لَعَنَهُمُ اللهُ بِكُفْرِهِمُ فَقَلِيُلًا مَّا يُؤْمِنُونَ ۞

وَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمُ كِتْبٌ مِّنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ مُصَدِّقٌ نِّمَا مَعَهُمُ "وَكَانُوْا مِنْ قَبُلُ يَسْتَفْتُحُوْنَ عَلَ الَّذِيْنَ كَمَ وُالاً فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمُ مَّاعَوَنُوا كَفَ وُا بِهِ فَلَعْنَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَى الْحَفِرِيْنَ @

بِئْسَمَا اشْتَرَوْا بِهَ أَنْفُسَهُمُ أَنْ يَكْفُرُوْا بَمَا أَنْزَلَ اللهُ بَغْيًا أَنْ يُنْجَزِلَ اللهُ مِنْ فَضُلِهِ عَلْى مَنُ يَنْنَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ فَبَاءُوهِ فَيَاءُوْ بِغَضَبٍ عَلْى غَضَبٍ وَلِلْحَفِرِيْنَ عَذَابٌ مَّفِينٌ ۞

SECTION 11 : They reject the Prophet

⁸⁷And We indeed gave Moses the Book and We sent messengers after him one after another; and We gave Jesus, son of Mary, clear arguments and strengthened him with the Holy Spirit. Is it then that whenever there came to you a messenger with what your souls desired not, you were arrogant? And some you gave the lie to and others you would slay. ⁸⁸And they say: Our hearts are repositories. Nay, Allah has cursed them on account of their unbelief; so little it is that they believe. ⁸⁹And when there came to them a Book from Allah verifying that which they have, and aforetime they used to pray for victory against those who disbelieved but when there came to them that which they recognised, they disbelieved in it; so Allah's curse is on the disbelievers. ⁹⁰Evil is that for which they sell their souls—that they should deny that which Allah has revealed, out of envy that Allah should send down of His grace on whomsoever of His servants He pleases; so they incur wrath upon wrath. And there is an abasing chastisement for the disbelievers.

20

- 91. Wa i-zaa qee-la la-lum aa-mi-noo bi-maa an-za-lal laa-hu, qaa-loo, nu'-mi-nu bi-maa un-zi-la 'a-lay-naa wa yak-fu-roo-na bi-maa wa-raaa-hoo, wa hu-wal haq-qu mu-saddi-qal li-maa ma-'a-hum, qul, fa-lima taq-tu-loo-na an-bi-yaa-al laahi min qab-lu in kun-tum mu'-mineen.
- 92. Wa la-qad jaa-a-kum moo-saa bilbay-yi-naa-ti, sum-mat ta-<u>khaz</u>-tumul 'ij-la mim ba'-di-hee, wa an-tum zaa-li-moon.
- 93. Wa iz a-<u>khaz</u>-naa mee-saa-qa-kum wa ra-fa'-naa faw-qa-ku-mut toor, <u>khu-zoo</u> maa aa-tay-naa-kum biquw-wa-tin-w was-ma-'oo, qaaloo, sa-mi'-naa wa 'a-say-naa, wa ush-ri-boo fee qu-loo-bi-hi-mul 'ij-la bi-kuf-ri-him, qul, bi'-sa-maa ya'mu-ru-kum bi-hee ee-maa-nu-kum in kun-tum mu'-mi-neen.
 - 94. Qul, in kaa-nat la-ku-mud daa-rul aa-<u>kh</u>i-ra-tu 'in-dal laa-hi <u>kh</u>aa-lişa-tam min doo-nin naa-si, fa-taman-na-wul maw-ta in kun-tum şaadi-qeen.
 - 95. Wa lan-y ya-ta-man-naw-hu a-badam bi-maa qad-da-mat ay-dee-him, wal-laa-bu 'a-lee-mum biz-zaa-limeen.

⁹¹And when it is said to them, Believe in that which Allah has revealed, they say: We believe in that which was revealed to us. And they deny what is besides that, while it is the Truth verifying that which they have. Say: Why then did you kill Allah's prophets before (this) if you were believers? ⁹²And Moses indeed came to you with clear arguments, then you took the calf (for a god) in his absence and you were wrong-doers. ⁹³And when We made a covenant with you and raised the mountain above of on: Take hold of that which We have given you with firmness and obey. They said: We hear and disobey. And they were made to imbibe (the love of) the calf into their hearts on account of their disbelief. Say: Evil is that which your faith bids you if you are believers. ⁹⁴Say: If the abode of the Hereafter with Allah is specially for you to the exclusion of the people, then invoke death if you are truthful. ⁹⁵And they will never invoke it on account of what their hands have sent on before, and Allah knows the wrongdoers.

وَإِذَا فِيْلَ لَهُمُ أَمِنُوا بِمَا ٱنْوَلَ اللهُ قَالُوُ اللهُ عَالُوُ اللهُ عَالُوُ اللهُ عَالُوُ اللهُ عَالُو اللهُ المُوْرَاءَةُ المُوْمِنُ مِعَا أُنْوَلَ عَلَيْنَا وَيَلْفُهُونَ بِمَا وَرَاءَةً وَ وَهُوالْحَقَّ مُصَلِّقًا لِللّهُ عَالَيْنَا وَيَلْفُهُونَ بِمَا وَرَاءَةً اللهِ وَمُوالْحُقُ مُعْلَمًا عَمَةً مُومُ اللهُ اللهُ عَالَونَ اللهُ عَالَهُ وَالْحَقُ مُومُولًا عَمَةً اللهِ مِنْ عَمَلُهُ وَالْحَلْقُ أَنْ وَاللهُ عَالَةُ اللهُ عَمَةً مُومُ اللهُ عَالَ اللهُ عَالَهُ اللهُ عَالَهُ اللهُ عَالَةُ وَالْحُقُونَ مِعَالَةُ اللهُ عَمَةً مُومًا عَلَيْ اللهُ عَالَهُ وَاللهُ عَالَةُ عَلَيْنَ اللهُ عَالَ اللهُ عَمَالًا اللهُ عَمْدُونُ عَلَيْنَ اللهُ عَالَيْنَ اللهُ عَمَةً مُومُ اللهُ عَالَةُ عَمَالًا عَالَي الْحُيْكَاءَ اللهُ عَالَيْ اللّهُ عَمْلُونُ عَالَيْنَا مُعَالَيْنَ عَالَيْنَ عَلَيْنَ اللهُ عَالَيْنَ عَالَيْنَ الْحُيْكَانَةُ عَالَيْنِ اللّهُ عَالَيْنَا وَاللّهُ عَلَيْنَا وَاللّهُ عَلَيْنَ اللهُ عَلَيْنَ عَالَيْنَةُ إِن

وَلَقَنُ جَاءَ كُوْمُوْسَ بِالْبَيِّنَتِ تَمَّ اتَّضَلُ نُعُرُ الْحِجْلَ مِنْ بَعَثِيهِ وَ أَنْ تُمُوْ ظَلِبُوْنَ @

فَرَادُ أَخَنْنَا مِيْنَاقَكُمُ وَرَفَعْنَا فَوْقَكُمُ الطَّوَرُ حُنُوُا مَا انَيْنَكُمْ بِعُوَةٍ وَاسْمَعُوا قَالُواسَمْعَا وَعَصَيْنَا وَ الشَّرِبُوا فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ الْعِجْلَ بِكُفُ هِمْ قُلْ بِشْمَا يَأْمُورُكُمْ بِهَ إِيْمَانَكُمْ إِنْ كُنْهُمْ مَوْمِنِيْنَ @

قُلُ إِنْ كَانَتْ لَكُمُ اللَّاامُ الْأَخِزَةَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ حَالِصَةً قِمْنُ دُوْنِ النَّاسِ فَتَمَنَّوُ االْمَوْتَ إِنْ حُنْنُمُ صُوتِيْنَ @

وَلَنْ يَتَمَنَّوُهُ اَبَنَّا بِمَا قَدَّمَتُ اَيُرِيهِ هُرْ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيُمٌ بِالظَّلِيِيْنَ ۞

- 21 -

- 96. Wa la-ta-ji-dan-na-hum ah-ra-san naa-si 'a-laa ha-yaa-tin, wa mi-nal la-zee-na ash-ra-koo, ya-wad-du aha-du-hum law yu-'am-ma-ru al-fa sa-na-tin, wa maa hu-wa bi-mu-zahzi-hi-hee mi-nal 'a-zaa-bi an-y yu-'am-mar, wal-laa-hu ba-see-rum bi-maa ya'-ma-loon.
- 97. Qul, man kaa-na 'a-duw-wul li-jibree-la, fa-in-na-hoo naz-za-la-hoo 'a-laa qal-bi-ka bi-iz-nil laa-hi musad-di-qal li-maa bay-na ya-day-hi, wa hu-dan-w wa bush-raa lil-mu'mi-neen.
- 98. Man kaa-na 'a-duw-wal lil-laa-hi wa ma-laa-i-ka-ti-hee wa ru-su-lihee wa jib-ree-la wa mee-kaa-la, fain-nal laa-ha 'a-duw-wul lil-kaa-fireen.
- 99. Wa la-qad an-zal-naa i-lai-ka aa-yaatim bay-yi-naa-tin, wa maa yak-furu bi-haa il-lal faa-si-qoon.
- 100. A-wa kul-la-maa 'aa-ha-doo 'ahdan na-ba-<u>z</u>a-hoo fa-ree-qum minhum, bal ak-<u>s</u>a-ru-hum laa yu'-minoon.

وَلَتَعَمِّلُهُمُ آخَرَصَ النَّاسِ عَلَى حَيْوَةٍ * وَ مِنَ الَّذِينَ أَتَثْرَكُوْا * يَوَدُ أَحَلُّمُ لَوُ يُعَمَّرُ أَنْ يَعْمَرُ * وَاللَّهُ بَصِيرُ * بِمَا يَعْمَلُوْنَ شَ

قُلْ مَنُ كَانَ عَدُوًّا لِبِّحِبُونِيلَ فَإِنَّهُ نَنَزَّلَهُ عَلى قَلْبِكَ بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ مُصَرِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيُهِ وَهُدًى وَ بُشُرَى لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ @

مَنْكَانَ عَدُوًا لِتَهْ وَمَلَا حَتِهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَ جِبُرِيْنَ وَمِيْكِدِلَ فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ عَدُوٌ لِلْكَفِرِيْنَ @

وَلَقَدُ آنُزُلُنَا آلِيُكَ أَيْتٍ بَيِّنْتٍ أَوَمَا يَكْفُرُ بِهَا إِلاَ الْفُسِقُوْنَ ۞

ٱۅؘؙڴؙڷؠٵۼۿۮؙۉٵۼۿڒٵڹ۫ڹڬۿؙڣؘڔؽؚۊٞٞؿٚۿؙۿۄ ڹؚڵٲؘڝٛؿۯۿۿۯڵٳؽٷٛڡۣڹۘٷڹ۞

SECTION 12 : Their Enmity to the Prophet

⁹⁶ And thou wilt certainly find them the greediest of men for life, (greedier) even than those who set up gods (with God). One of them loves to be granted a life of a thousand years, and his being granted a long life will in no way remove him further off from the chastisement. And Allah is Seer of what they do. ⁹⁷ Say: Whoever is an enemy to Gabriel – for surely he revealed it to thy heart by Allah's command, ¹⁴¹ verifying that which is before it and a guidance and glad tidings for the believers. ⁹⁸ Whoever is an enemy to Allah and His angels and His messengers and Gabriel and Michael, then surely Allah is an enemy to disbelievers. ⁹⁹ And We indeed have revealed to thee clear messages, and none disbelieve in them except the transgressors. ¹⁰⁰ Is it that whenever they make a covenant, a party of them cast it aside? Nay, most of them have no faith.

- 101. Wa lam-maa jaa-a-hum ra-soo-lum min 'in-dil laa-hi mu-sad-di-qul li-maa ma-'a-hum, na-ba-za fa-reequm mi-nal la-zee-na oo-tul kitaab, ki-taa-bal laa-hi wa-raa-a zuhoo-ri-him, ka-an-na-hum laa ya'la-moon.
- 102 Wat-ta-ba-'oo maa tat-lush shi-yaatee-nu 'a-laa mul-ki su-lay-maa-na. wa maa ka-fa-ra su-lay-maa-nu wa laa-kin-nash shi-yaa-tee-na ka-fa-roo, vu-'al-li-moo-nan naa-sas sihr. wa maa un-zi-la 'a-lal ma-la-kay-ni bibaa-bi-la haa-roo-ta wa maa-root. wa maa vu-'al-li-maa-ni min a-hahat-taa ya-qoo-laa in-na-maa din nah-nu fit-na-tun fa-laa tak-fur, faya-ta-'al-la-moo-na min-hu-maa maa yu-far-ri-qoo-na bi-hee bay-nal mari' wa zaw-jih, wa maa hum bi-daarree-na bi-hee min a-ha-din il-laa bi-iz nil laah, wa ya-ta-'al-la-moo-na maa ya-dur-ru-hum wa laa yan-fa-'u-hum, wa la-gad 'a-li-moo la-ma-nish-taraa-hu maa la-hoo fil-aa-khi-ra-ti min kha-laaq, wa la-bi'-sa maa sharaw bi-hee an-fu-sa-hum, law kaanoo ya'-la-moon.

وَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمُ دَسُوُلٌ مِّنْ عِنْ اللهِ مُصَرِّقٌ لِمَا مَعَهُمُ نَبَنَ فَرِيْقٌ مِّنَ الَّذِنِي أُوْتُوا الْكِنَبُ كِتَبَ اللهِ وَدَاءَ خُلُوُ وِهِ مُ كَأَنَّهُ مُوَلا يَعَلَمُونَ

وَاتَّبَعُوْامَاتَتُلُواالشَّيْطِيْنُ عَلَى مُلْكِ سُلَمْنَ وَمَاكَفَ سُلَيْمُنُ وَلَكِنَّ الشَّيْطِيْنَ حَقَّ وَا يُعَلِّمُوْنَ النَّاسَ السِّحْرُ وَمَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَى الْمَلَكَيْنِ بِبَابِلَ هَارُوْتَ وَمَارُوْتَ وَمَا يُعَلِّن مِنْ آحَدٍ حَتَّى يَعُوُلَا إِنَّانَ حَدْنَ فِنْتَتَ فَلَا تَكَفَّ فَيْبَعَلَمُوُنَ مِنْهُمَامًا يُفَرَقُنَ فِنْتَ الْمَرْءَ وَزَوْجِهِ وَمَاهُمُ وَيَتَعَلَّمُوْنَ مَا يَهُ بَيْنَ الْمَرْءَ وَزَوْجِهِ وَمَاهُمُ وَيَتَعَلَّمُوْنَ مَا يَمُو مُمَاكَ فِي الْأَخِرَةِ مِنْ عَلِمُوْالَمَنِ الشَّتَرَابَةُ مَالَكَ فِي الْأَخِرَةِ مِنْ اللَّهُ وَيَتَعَلَّمُوْنَ مَا بَهُ مَانَ مَا لَحَنْ إِنَّا لَهُ مَا لَكُونَ اللَّهُ وَيَتَعَلَّمُونَ مَا الشَّتَرَابَةُ مَا لَكَ فِي الْأُخْرَةِ مِنْ أَوَ كَانُوا يَعْلَمُوْنَ مَا لَبَشَ مَا لَكُوْنَ إِنَّهُ الْمُوْنَ فَا لَا يَعْهَ

¹⁰¹ And when there came to them a messenger from Allah verifying that which they have, a party of those who were given the Book threw the Book of Allah behind their backs as if they knew nothing. ¹⁰² And they follow what the devils fabricated against the kingdom of Solomon. And Solomon disbelieved not, but the devils disbelieved, teaching men enchantment. And it was not revealed to the two angels in Babel, Harut and Marut. Nor did they teach (it to) anyone, so that they should have said, We are only a trial, so disbelieve not. But they learn from these two (sources) that by which they make a distinction between a man and his wife. And they cannot hurt with it anyone except with Allah's permission. And they learn that which harms them and profits them not. And certainly they know that he who buys it has no share of good in the Hereafter. And surely evil is the price for which they have sold their souls, did they but know!

- 103. Wa law an-na-hum aa-ma-noo watta-gaw la-ma-soo-ba-tum min 'indil laa-hi khayr, law kaa-noo ya'-lamoon.
 - 104. Yaa-ay-yu-hal la-zee-na aa-ma-noo, laa ta-goo-loo raa-'i-naa, wa goolun-zur-naa was-ma-'oo, wa lil-kaafi-ree-na 'a-zaa-bun a-leem.
 - 105. Maa ya-wad-dul la-zee-na ka-faroo min ah-lil ki-taa-bi wa lal-mushri-kee-na an-y yu-naz-za-la 'a-lavkum min khay-rim mir rab-bi-kum, wal-laa-hu yakh-tas-su bi-rah-ma-tihee man-y ya-shaa', wal-laa-hu zul-fad-lil 'a-zeem.
- 106. Maa nan-sakh min aa-ya-tin aw nun-si-haa, na'-ti bi-khay-rim minaw mis-li-haa, a-lam ta'-lam haa an-nal laa-ha 'a-laa kul-li shay-in qa-deer.
- 107. A-lam ta'-lam an-nal laa-ha la-hoo mul-kus sa-maa-waa-ti wal-ard, wa maa la-kum min doo-nil laa-hi minw wa-lee-yin-w wa laa na-seer.
- 108. Am tu-ree-doo-na an tas-a-loo rasoo-la-kum, ka-maa su-i-la moo-saa min qabl, wa man-y ya-ta-bad-dalil kuf-ra bil-ee-maa-ni fa-gad dalla sa-waa-as sa-beel.

وكوانهم المواد انقوا كمثوبة مقن يعنب الله خَيْرُ لَوْ حَانُوْ ايَعْلَمُونَ شَ

نَايَّهَا الَّذِيْنَ الْمَنْوُا لَإِ تَقُوْلُوْا رَاعِنَا وَقُوْلُوا انظرناو استغوا وللكفرين عَذَابُ ٱلبَهْرِي

مَايَوَدُ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوُا مِنُ آهُلِ الْكِتْبِ وَ لَا الْمُسْرِكِيْنَ أَنْ يَنْزَّلَ عَلَيْكُمُ حِنْ خَيْرٍ مِّنْ تَرْبَعُورُ وَاللَّهُ يَخْتَصْ بِرَحْمَتِهِ مَنْ بَسْبَاءُ وَاللهُ ذُو الْفَضْلِ الْعَظِيْمِ (

مَانَنُسَخْ مِنْ إَيَةٍ ٱوْنُنُسِهَا نَأْتِ بِخَيْرِقِنْهَا ٱوْمِثْلِهَا الْمُرْتَعْلَمُ إِنَّ اللهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْ قَدِيْنَ

آلَهُ تَعْلَمُ أَنَّ اللَّهُ لَهُ مُلْكُ السَّلْوَتِ وَالْإِرْضُ وَمَا لَكُمُ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ مِنْ وَلِيَّ وَلَا نَصِيْ

اَمْ تَرْبِيكُونَ إِنْ تَسْتَخَلُوْ ارْسُوْلُكُوْلْمَا سُبِلَ مُوْسى مِنْ قَبْلُ وَمَنْ يَتَبَكَّ لِ الْحُقْ بالإيمان فقَدْضَلَّ سَوَاءَ السِّبِيلِ

¹⁰³ And if they had

believed and kept their duty, reward from Allah would certainly have been better; did they but know!

SECTION 13 : Previous Scriptures are abrogated

¹⁰⁴O you who believe, say not Raa-i-naa and say Un-zur-naa, and listen. And for the disbelievers there is a painful chastisement. ¹⁰⁵ Neither those who disbelieve from among the people of the Book, nor the polytheists, like that any good should be sent down to you from your Lord. And Allah chooses whom He pleases for His mercy; and Allah is the Lord of mighty grace. ¹⁰⁶Whatever message We abrogate or cause to be forgotten. We bring one better than it or one like it. Knowest thou not that Allah is Possessor of power over all things? ¹⁰⁷Knowest thou not that Allah's is the kingdom of the heavens and the earth, and that besides Allah you have not any friend or helper? 108 Rather you wish to put questions to your Messenger, as Moses was questioned before. And whoever adopts disbelief instead of faith, he indeed has lost the right direction of the way.

- 109. Wad-da ka-see-rum min ah-lil kitaa-bi, law ya-rud-doo-na-kum mim ba'-di ee-maa-ni-kum kuf-faa-ran, hasa-dam min 'in-di an-fu-si-him mim ba'-di maa ta-bay-ya-na la-hu-mul haq-qu, fa'-foo waş-fa-hoo hat-taa ya'-ti-yal laa-hu bi-am-rih, in-nal laa-ha 'a-laa kul-li <u>sh</u>ay-in qa-deer.
- 110. Wa a-qee-mus sa-laa-ta wa aa-tu<u>z</u> <u>z</u>a-kaah, wa maa tu-qad-di-moo lian-fu-si-kum min <u>kh</u>ay-rin ta-ji-doohu 'in-dal laah, in-nal laa-ha bi-maa ta'-ma-loo-na ba-seer.
- 111. Wa qaa-loo lan-y yad-<u>kh</u>u-lal janna-ta il-laa man kaa-na hoo-dan aw na-saa-raa, til-ka a-maa-nee-yuhum, qul haa-too bur-haa-na-kum in kun-tum saa-di-qeen.
- 112. Ba-laa, man as-la-ma waj-ha-hoo lil-laa-hi wa hu-wa muh-si-nun, fa-la-hoo aj-ru-hoo 'in-da rabbi-hee, wa laa <u>kh</u>aw-fun 'a-lay-him wa laa hum yah-za-noon.
- 113. Wa qaa-la-til ya-hoo-du lay-sa-tin na-saa-raa 'a-laa shay-in, wa qaa-latin na-saa-raa lay-sa-til ya-hoo-du 'a-laa shay, wa hum yat-loo-nal kitaab, ka-zaa-li-ka qaa-lal la-zee-na laa ya'-la-moo-na mis-la qaw-li-him, fal laa-hu yah-ku-mu bay-na-hum yaw-mal qi-yaa-ma-ti fee-maa kaanoo fee-hi yakh-ta-li-foon.

وَدَّ كَثِيْرُ مِنْ آَهُلِ الْكِتْبِ لَوْ يُوَدُّوْ تَكُوْ مَنْ بَعْلِ الْبُمَانِكُوْ لْقَارًا *حَسَمًا قُوْنُ عِنْدِ الْفُسِيمُ مِّنْ بَعْلِي مَا تَبَكَّنَ لَهُوْ الْحَقَّ فَاعْفُوْ اوَ اصْفَعُوْا حَتَّى اللَّهُ يَأْتِي اللَّهُ بِأَمْنِ أَنْ اللَّهُ عَلْ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِي يُرُق

وَاقِيْهُواالصَّلْوَةَ وَانْوَاالزَّكُوةَ * وَمَا تُقَكِّمُوُا لِاَنْفُسُڪُمْ مِّنْ خَيْرٍ تَجِدُ وُهُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَكُوْنَ بَصِيْرُ ؟

وَقَالُوْالَنُ يَّدُخُلَ الْجَنَّةَ إِلَا مَنْ كَانَ هُوُدًا او نَصْرِى تِلْكَ اَمَانِيَّهُمْ "قُلْ هَاتُوَا بُرُهَانَكُمُ إِنْ كُنْتُمُ صِدِقِيْنَ ()

بَلَىٰ مَنْ ٱسْلَمَ وَجُهَة لِتَلْهِ وَهُوَمُحُسِّ فَلَةَ ٱجُرُهُ عِنْدَ مَ يِّهُ وَ كَاخَوْنٌ عَلَيْهِمُ وَ يَهِ لَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُوْنَ شَ

وَقَالَتِ الْيَهُوُدُ لَيُسَتِ النَّصْرَى عَلَى شَى * وَقَالَتِ النَّصْرَى لَيُسَتِ الْيَهُوُدُ عَلَى شَى * وَهُمُ يَتُلُونَ الْكِتْبَ كَلْالِكَ قَالَ الْنَايْنَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ مِثْلَ قَوْلِهِمْ ݣَاللَّهُ يَحْكُمُ بَيْنَهُمُ

¹⁰⁹ Many of the people of the Book wish that they could turn you back into disbelievers after you have believed, out of envy from themselves, after truth has become manifest to them. But pardon and forgive, till Allah brings about His command. Surely Allah is Possessor of power over all things.

SECTION 14 : Perfect Guidance is only in Islam

110And keep up prayer and pay the poor-rate. And whatever good you send before for yourselves, you will find it with Allah. Surely Allah is Seer of what you do. ¹¹¹ And they say: None shall enter the Garden except he who is a Jew, or the Christians. These are their vain desires. Say: Bring your proof if you are truthful. ¹¹² Nay, whoever submits himself entirely to Allah and he is the doer of good (to others), he has his reward from his Lord, and there is no fear for such nor shall they grieve. ¹¹³ And the Jews say, The Christians follow nothing (good), and the Christians say, The Jews follow nothing (good), while they recite the (same) Book. Even thus say those who have no knowledge, like what they say. So Allah will judge between them on the day of Resurrection in that wherein they differ.

- 114. Wa man az-la-mu mim-mam mana-'a ma-saa-ji-dal laa-hi an-y yuzka-ra fee-has-mu-hoo wa sa-'aa fee <u>kh</u>a-raa-bi-haa, u-laa-i-ka maa kaana la-hum an-y yad-<u>kh</u>u-loo-haa illaa <u>kh</u>aa-i-feen, la-hum fid dun-yaa <u>kh</u>iz-yun wa la-hum fil aa-<u>kh</u>i-ra-ti 'a-<u>z</u>aa-bun 'a-zeem.
- 115. Wa lil-laa-hil mash-ri-qu walmagh-ri-bu, fa-ay-na-maa tu-walloo fa-sam-ma waj-hul laah, in-nal laa-ha waa-si-'un 'a-leem
- 116. Wa qaa-lut ta-<u>kh</u>a-zal laa-hu wa-ladan, sub-haa-na-hoo, bal la-hoo maa fis-sa-maa-waa-ti wal-ard, kullul la-hoo qaa-ni-toon.
- 117. Ba-dee-'us sa-maa-waa-ti wal-ard, wa i-<u>z</u>aa qa-daa am-ran fa-in-na-maa yaqoo-lu la-hoo kun fa-ya-koon.
- 118. Wa qaa-lal la-zee-na laa ya'-lamoo-na, law laa yu-kal-li-mu-nal laa-hu aw ta'-tee-naa aa-yah, ka-zaali-ka qaa-lal la-zee-na min qab-lihim mis-la qaw-li-him, ta-shaa-bahat qu-loo-bu-hum, qad bay-yan-nal aa-yaa-ti li-qaw-min-y yoo-qi-noon.

وَمَنُ ٱظْلَمُ مِتَّنُ مَّنَعَ مَسْجِدَ اللَّهِ آنُ يَّنْ نَدَ فِيْهَا اسْمُهُ وَسَلَّى فِى خَرَابِهَا الْوَلَاكَ مَا كَانَ لَهُمُ آنُ يَتَ حُلُوُها اللَّ خَابِفِي نُ لَهُ حَرْفِي اللَّخِرَةِ عَذَابٌ عَظِيْهُ

وَلِتَّهِ الْمُشْرِقُ وَالْمُعْرِبُ فَأَيْنَهُ اتُوَلُوْا فَتَمَرَّ وَجُهُ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ وَاسِعٌ عَلِيُهُ ۞

ۅؘۊؘڵڵؙۅٵڷۜڂؘؽؘٵٮڷؗۿۅؘڵؽٵۨۺؙڹڂڹؘ؋۫؇ؚٮڵۛڲۮؘڡٵ ۣڣۣٵڶۺۜؠڶۅؾۅؘٵڵڒؖٮؗۯۻؗڴڴ۠ڷۿڟ۬ڿؚؾۘۅٛڹؘ۞

بَدِيْعُ السَّمْوَتِ وَالْآمُرِضْ وَإِذَاتَضَى آَمُرًا فَإِنَّهَا يَقُوْلُ لَهُ كُنُ فَيَكُوُنُ @

وَقَالَ الَّذِيْنَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ لَوْ لَا يُكَلِّمُنَا اللهُ أَوْ تَأْتِيُنَا اليَة "كَالِكَ قَالَ الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ تَبْلِهِمُ قِتْلُ قَوْلِهِمْ تَتَنَابَهَتْ قُلُونَهُمُ قَلَهُ بَهُمَا اللَّا يَتَا الْإِلَيْتِ لِقَوْمِ يَكْوَقِنُوْنَ @

¹¹⁴ And who is more unjust than he who prevents (men) from the mosques of Allah, from His name being remembered therein, and strives to ruin them? (As for) these, it was not proper for them to enter them except in fear. For them is disgrace in this world, and theirs is a grievous chastisement in the Hereafter. ¹¹⁵ And Allah's is the East and the West, so whither you turn thither is Allah's purpose. Surely Allah is Ample-giving, Knowing. ¹¹⁶ And they say: Allah has taken to Himself a son – glory be to Him! Rather, whatever is in the heavens and the earth is His. All are obedient to Him. ¹¹⁷ Wonderful Originator of the heavens and the earth! And when He decrees an affair, He says to it only, Be, and it is. ¹¹⁸ And those who have no knowledge say: Why does not Allah speak to us or a sign come to us? Even thus said those before them, the like of what they say. Their hearts are all alike. Indeed We have made the messages clear for a people who are sure.

26

- 119. In-naa ar-sal-naa-ka bil-haq-qi bashee-ran-w wa na-zee-ran-w wa-laa tus-'a-lu 'an as-haa-bil ja-heem.
- 120. Wa lan tar-daa 'an-kal ya-hoo-du wa lan na-saa-raa, hat-taa tat-ta-bi-'a mil-la-ta-hum, qul, in-na hu-dal laahi hu-wal hu-daa, wa la-i-nit taba'-ta ah-waa-a-hum ba'-dal la-zee jaa-a-ka mi-nal 'il-mi, maa la-ka mi-nal laa-hi min-w wa-lee-yin-w wa laa na-seer.
- 121. Al-la-zee-na aa-tay-naa-hu-mul kitaa-ba yat-loo-na-hoo haq-qa ti-laawa-tih, u-laa-i-ka yu'-mi-noo-na bih, wa man-y yak-fur bi-hee fa-ulaa-i-ka hu-mul khaa-si-roon.
- 122. Yaa-ba-nee is-raa-ee-la<u>z</u>-ku-roo nima-ti-yal la-tee an-'am-tu 'a-laykum, wa an-nee fad-dal-tu-kum 'alal 'aa-la-meen.
- 123. Wat-ta-qoo yaw-mal laa taj-zee nafsun 'an naf-sin <u>shay</u>-'an-w wa laa yuq-ba-lu min-haa 'ad-lun-w wa laa tan-fa-'u-haa <u>sha</u>-faa-'a-tun-w wa laa hum yun-sa-roon.

إِنَّا ٱمُسَلْنَكَ بِالْحَقِّ بَشِيُرًا وَّ نَزِيُرُا ۖ وَلَا تُسْتَلُ عَنُ ٱصْحِبِ الْجَحِيْمِ @

وَلَنْ تَرْضَى عَنْكَ الْيَهُودُوَلَا النَّصْرَى حَتَّى تَنَقِّعَ مِلْتَهُمُ ثُقُلُ إِنَّ هُدَى اللَّهِ هُوَ الْهُلَا يُ وَلَبِي اتَّبَعْتَ آهُوَا مَهُمُ بَعْدَ الَّذِي جَاءَكَ مِنَ إَنَّى الْعِلْمِ مَالَكَ مِنَ اللَّهِ مِنْ قَرْلٍ قَرْلَ نَصِيدُ إِنَّ

ٱلَّذِيْنَ انْتَيْنَهُمُ الْكِتْبَ يَتْلُوْنَهُ حَقَّ تِلَاوَتِهِ أولَيْكَ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِهِ وَ مَنْ تَكْفُرُ بِهِ فَأُولَيْكَ * هُمُ الْخُسِرُوْنَ شَ

يْبَنِي إِسُرَاء يُلَ اذْكُرُو الِعُمَتِي الَّتِي أَعْمَتْ عَلَيُكُو وَ إِنِّي فَضَّ لَتُكُو عَلَى الْعَلَمِينَ ٢

وَ اتَقَوُّا يَوْمًا لَآ تَجْزِى نَفْسٌ عَنْ نَفْسٍ شَيْطً وَلَا يُفْبُلُ مِنْهَا عَدُلٌ وَلَا تَنْفَعُهُا شَفَاعَةً وَلَا هُمُ يُنْصَرُونَ @

SECTION 15 : Covenant with Abraham

¹¹⁹Surely We have sent thee with the Truth as a bearer of good news and as a warner, and thou wilt not be called upon to answer for the companions of the flaming Fire. ¹²⁰And the Jews will not be pleased with thee, nor the Christians, unless thou follow their religion. Say: Surely Allah's guidance that is the (perfect) guidance. And if thou follow their desires after the knowledge that has come to thee thou shalt have from Allah no friend, nor helper. ¹²¹Those to whom We have given the Book follow it as it ought to be followed. These believe in it. And whoever disbelieves in it, these it is that are the losers. ¹²²O Children of Israel, call to mind My favour which I bestowed on you and that I made you excel the nations. ¹²³And be on your guard against a day when no soul will avail another in the least, neither will any compensation be accepted from it, nor will intercession profit it, nor will they be helped.

- 124. Wa i-<u>z</u>ib-ta-laa ib-raa-hee-ma rabbu-hoo bi-ka-li-maa-tin fa-a-tamma-hun-na, qaa-la in-nee jaa-'i-luka lin-naa-si i-maa-maa, qaa-la, wa min zur-ree-ya-tee, qaa-la, laa ya-naa-lu 'ah-diz zaa-li-meen.
- 125. Wa iz ja-'al-nal bay-ta ma-saa-batal lin-naa-si wa am-naa, wat-takhi-zoo mim ma-qaa-mi ib-raa-heema mu-sal-laa, wa 'a-hid-naa i-laa ibraa-hee-ma wa is-maa-'ee-la an tahhi-ra bay-ti-ya lit-taa-i-fee-na wal-'aa-ki-fee-na war ruk-ka-'is sujood.
- 126. Wa iz gaa-la ib-raa-hee-mu rab-bijba-la-dan 'al haa-zaa aa-mi-nanw war-zuq ah-la-hoo mi-nas sa-maraa-ti man aa-ma-na min-hum billaa-hi wal-yaw-mil aa-khir, qaa-la, wa man ka-fa-ra fa-u-mat-ti-'u-hoo sum-ma qa-lee-lan ad-tar-ru-hoo i-laa 'a-zaa-bin naar, wa bi'-sal ma-seer.
- 127. Wa iz yar-fa-'u' ib-raa-hee-mul qawaa-i-da mi-nal bay-ti wa is-maa-'eel, rab-ba-naa ta-qab-bal min-naa, in-na-ka an-tas sa-mee-'ul 'a-leem.

وَإِذِ ابْتَكَى إِبُوْحِ مَرَدَبُّكَ بِكَلِلتِ فَاَتَتَهُنَّ * قَالَ إِنِّى جَاعِلُكَ لِلنَّاسِ إِمَامًا *قَالَ وَمِنُ ذُبِّ يَتِى *قَالَ لَا يَنَالُ عَهُدِى الظَّلِدِيْنَ®

وَ إِذْ جَعَلْنَا الْبَيْتَ مَثَابَةً لِلنَّاسِ وَ آمُنَا وَ اتَّخِنُ وُا مِنُ هَقَامِ إِبْرَهِ حَ مُصَلًى * وَ عَهِ مُنَا إِنَّى إِبْرَهِ حَرَو إِسْمَعِيْلَ أَنْ طَهِّرًا بَيْتِى لِلطَّا إِفِيْنَ وَ الْغَذِفِيْنَ وَ الْوَرَةِ السُّجُوِ®

وَإِذْ قَالَ إِبْوَهِمُ مَرَبِّ اجْعَلْ هٰذَا بَكَدًا إِمِنَا وَّ امُزُقْ اَهُلَهُ مِنَ الشَّرَيَ مَنُ أَمَنَ مِنْهُمُ بِاللهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْأَخِرِ قَالَ وَمَنْ كَمَ مَمَتِعُمُ قَلِيُكَ تُمَصِيُرُ® التَّارِ وَبِشَ الْمَصِيُرُ®

وَإِذْ يَرْفَعُ إِبْرَهِمُ الْقَوَاعِدَ مِنَ الْبَيْتِ وَ اِسْمِعِيْلُ حُرَبَّنَا تَفَبَّلُ مِنَّا حُإِنَّكَ أَنْتَ السَّمِيْعُ الْعَلِيْمُ ©

¹²⁴ And when his Lord tried Abraham with certain commands he fulfilled them. He said: Surely I will make thee a leader of men. (Abraham) said: And of my offspring? My covenant does not include the wrong-doers, said He. ¹²⁵ And when We made the House a resort for men and a (place of) security. And: Take ye the place of Abraham for a place of prayer. And We enjoined Abraham and Ismael, saying: Purify My House for those who visit (it) and those who abide (in it) for devotion and those who bow down (and) those who prostrate themselves. ¹²⁶ And when Abraham said: My Lord, make this a secure town and provide its people with fruits, such of them who believe in Allah and the Last Day. He said: And whoever disbelieves, I shall grant him enjoyment for a short while, then I shall drive him to the chastisement of the Fire. And it is an evil destination. ¹²⁷ And when Abraham and Ishmael raised the foundation of the House: Our Lord, accept from us; surely Thou art the Hearing, the Knowing.

- 128. Rab-ba-naa waj-'al-naa mus-li-mayni la-ka wa min <u>z</u>ur-ree-ya-ti-naa um-ma-tam mus-li-ma-tal lak, wa ari-naa ma-naa-si-ka-naa wa tub 'alay-naa, in-na-ka an-tat taw-waabur ra-heem.
- 129. Rab-ba-naa wab-'as fee-him rasoo-lam min-hum yat-loo 'a-layhim aa-yaa-ti-ka wa yu-'al-li-mu-humul ki-taa-ba wal-hik-ma-ta wa yuzak-kee-him, in-na-ka an-tal 'a-zeezul ha-keem.
- 130. Wa man-y yar-gha-bu 'am mil-la-ti ib-raa-hee-ma il-laa man sa-fi-ha naf-sah, wa la-qah-dis-ta-fay-naa-hu fid-dun-yaa, wa in-na-hoo fil aa-<u>kh</u>ira-ti la-mi-nas saa-li-heen.
- 131. Iz qaa-la la-hoo rab-bu-hoo, as-lim, qaa-la, as-lam-tu li-rab-bil 'aa-la-. meen.
- 132. Wa waṣ-ṣaa bi-haa ib-raa-hee-mu ba-nee-hi wa ya'-qoob, yaa ba-niyya in-nal laa-haṣ-ṭa-faa la-ku-mud dee-na, fa-laa ta-moo-tun-na il-laa wa an-tum mus-li-moon.

رَبَّنَا وَاجْعَلْنَا مُسْلِمَيْنِ لَكَ وَمِنْ ذُرَّيَّتِنَاً أُمَّتَةً مُّسُلِمَةً لَكَ وَاَبِرِنَا مَنَا سِكَنَا وَتُبُ عَلَيْنَا ۚ [نَّكَ اَنْتَ التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِيْمُ۞

دَبَّنَا وَابْعَثْ فِيْهِمْ رَسُولًا صِّنْهُمْ يَتَنُوْاعَلَيْهِمُ ايتِكَ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ الْكِتْبَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَيُزَكِّيهِمْ إِنَّكَ آنْتَ الْعَزِيْدُ الْحَكِيْمُ شَ

وَمَنُ يَّرْغَبُ عَنُ مِّلَّةِ إِبُوٰهِ مَرَ إِلاَّ مَنْ سَفِهَ نَفْسَهُ * وَلَقَرِ اصْطَفَيْنُهُ فِي اللَّهُ نُبَاءً وَ إِنَّهُ فِي الْأُخِرَةِ لَمِنَ الصَّلِحِيْنَ @

إِذْ قَالَ لَهُ رَبُّهُ ٱسْلِمْ قَالَ ٱسْلَنْتُ لِرَبِّ الْعَلَيْنَ®

وَوَصَّى بِهَا اِبْرَهِمُ بَنِيْهِ وَيَعْقُوُ بَابَنِيَّ إِنَّ الله اصْطَفْي لَكُمُ اللِّيْنَ فَلَا تَعُوْثُنَّ اللَّ وَ آنْ تُمَدْ مُسْلِمُوْنَ شَ

SECTION 16 : The Religion of Abraham

¹²⁸Our Lord, and make us both submissive to Thee, and (raise) from our offspring, a nation submissive to Thee, and show us our ways of devotion and turn to us (mercifully); surely Thou art the Oft-returning (to mercy), the Merciful. ¹²⁹Our Lord, and raise up in them a messenger from among them who shall recite to them Thy messages and teach them the Book and the wisdom, and purify them. Surely Thou art the Mighty, the Wise. ¹³⁰ And who forsakes the religion of Abraham but he who makes a fool of himself. And certainly We made him pure in this world and in the Hereafter, he is surely among the righteous. ¹³¹When his Lord said to him, Submit, he said: I submit myself to the Lord of the worlds. ¹³²And the same did Abraham enjoin on his sons, and (so did) Jacob: O my sons, surely Allah has chosen for you (this) religion, so die not unless you are submitting ones.

- 133. Am kun-tum <u>sh</u>u-ha-daa-a' i<u>z</u> hada-ra ya'-qoo-bal maw-tu, i<u>z</u> qaa-la li-ba-nee-hi, maa ta'-bu-doo-na mim ba'-dee, qaa-loo, na'-bu-du i-laa-haka wa i-laa-ha aa-baa-i-ka ib-raahee-ma wa is-maa-'ee-la wa is-haaqa, i-laa-han-w waa-hid, wa nah-nu la-hoo mus-li-moon.
- 134. Til-ka um-ma-tun qad <u>kh</u>a-lat, lahaa maa ka-sa-bat wa la-kum maa ka-sab-tum, wa laa tus-'a-loo-na 'ammaa kaa-noo ya'-ma-loon.
- 135. Wa qaa-loo koo-noo hoo-dan aw na-saa-raa tah-ta-doo, qul, bal milla-ta ib-raa-hee-ma ha-nee-faa, wa maa kaa-na mi-nal mush-ri-keen.
- 136. Qoo-loo, aa-man-naa bil-laa-hi wa maa un-zi-la i-lay-naa wa maa unzi-la i-laa ib-raa-hee-ma wa is-maa-'ee-la wa is-haa-qa wa ya'-qoo-ba wal-as-baa-ti, wa maa oo-ti-ya moosaa wa 'ee-saa wa maa oo-ti-yan nabee-yoo-na mir rab-bi-him, laa nufar-ri-qu bay-na a-ha-dim min-hum, wa nah-nu la-hoo mus-li-moon.

آمُرْكُنْتَمُ شُهَدَاءَ إِذْ حَضَرَ يَعْقُونُ الْمَوْتُ إِذْ قَالَ لِبَنِيْهِ مَا تَعْبُكُوْنَ مِنْ بَعْدِى قَالُوْا نَعْبُكُ إِلَهْكَ وَ الله إِنَّا حَدَاتًا وَ نَحْنُ لَهُ مُسْلِمُوْنَ ﴿

تِلْكَ أُمَّةً ثَنَ خَلَتْ لَهَا مَا كَسَبَتُ وَ لَكُوُمًا كَسَبْتُوْ وَلَا تُسْتَلُوْنَ عَمَّا كَانُوْ ايَعْمَلُوْنَ @

وَقَالُوا كُوْنُوا هُوُدًا أَوْ نَصْرَى تَهْتَنُ وَا مَعْنُ بَلُ مِلَّةَ إِبُوْهِ هَ حَنِيْفًا وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ الْسُرُولِيْنَ®

قُوُلُوَّا أَمَنَّا بِاللَّهِ وَمَاَ أُنُوْلَ إِلَيْنَا وَمَا أُنُوْلَ إِلَى إِبُرْهِمَ وَ اِسْلِعِيْلَ وَ اِسْلِحْتَ وَ يَدْهَوُنَ وَالْاسْبَبَاطِ وَمَا أَوُنِى مُوْسَى وَعِيْسَى وَمَا أَوْنَى اللَّذِيَّةُوْنَ مِنُ وَآتِهِمْ لَا نُفَرِّقُ بَدَيْنَ اَحَبٍ مِنْهُمُ وَحَوْنَحُنُ لَهُ مُسْلِبُوْنَ صَ

¹³³Or were you witnesses when death visited Jacob, when he said to his sons: What will you serve after me? They said: We shall serve thy God and the God of thy fathers, Abraham and Ishmael and Isaac, one God only, and to Him do we submit. ¹³⁴Those are a people that have passed away; for them is what they earned and for you what you earn; and you will not be asked of what they did. ¹³⁵And they say: Be Jews or Christians, you will be on the right course. Say: Nay, (we follow) the religion of Abraham, the upright one, and he was not one of the polytheists. ¹³⁶Say: We believe in Allah and (in) that which has been revealed to us, and (in) that which was revealed to Abraham, and Ishmael and Isaac and Jacob and the tribes, and (in) that which was given to Moses and Jesus and (in) that which was given to the prophets from their Lord; we do not make any distinction between any of them and to Him do we submit.

- 137. Fa-in aa-ma-noo bi-mis-li maa aaman-tum bi-hee fa-qa-dih-ta-daw wa in ta-wal-law fa-in-na-maa hum fee <u>sh</u>i-qaaq, fa-sa-yak-fee-ka-humul laah, wa hu-was sa-mee-'ul 'a- leem.
- 138. Sib-gha-tal laah, wa man aḥ-sa-nu mi-nal laa-hi sib-ghah, wa naḥ-nu la-hoo 'aa-bi-doon.
- 139. Qul, a-tu-haaj-joo-na-naa fil laa-hi, wa hu-wa rab-bu-naa wa rab-bukum, wa la-naa a'-maa-lu-naa wa la-kum a'-maa-lu-kum, wa nah-nu la-hoo mukh-li-soon.
- 140. Am ta-qoo-loo-na in-na ib-raa-heema wa is-maa-'ee-la wa is-haa-qa wa ya'-qoo-ba wal-as-baa-ta, kaa-noo hoo-dan aw na-saa-raa, qul a-antum a'-la-mu a-mil laah, wa man az-la-mu mim-man ka-ta-ma shahaa-da-tan 'in-da-hoo mi-nal laah, wa mal laa-hu bi-ghaa-fi-lin 'ammaa ta'-ma-loon.
- 141. Til-ka um-ma-tun qad <u>kh</u>a-kat, lahaa maa ka-sa-bat, wa la-kum maa ka-sab-tum, wa laa tus-a-loo-na 'am-maa kaa-noo ya'-ma-loon.

فَإِنُ الْمَنُوْابِيِثْلِ مَا أَمَنْنُمُرْبٍ فَقَيْ الْمُتَدَوْا وَ إِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَإِنَّهَا هُمْ فِى شِقَاقٍ فَسَيَكُوْنِكُمُ اللَّهُ *وَ هُوَ السَّبِيْعُ الْعَلِيْمُ أَضَ

صِبْعَةَ اللَّهِ وَمَنُ آحُسَنُ مِنَ اللَّهِ صِبْعَةً وَنَحْنُ لَهُ عَبِلُوْنَ @

قْلُ ٱتُحَاجَوْنَنَا فِي اللهِ وَهُوَ دَبَّبْنَا وَ دَبَّهُمْ وَ لَنَاً أَعْمَا لْنَا وَلَكُمْ أَعْمَا لَكُوْ وَنَعْنُ لَهُ مُخْلِصُوْنَ ﴾

آمُر تَقُولُونَ إِنَّ إِبْرَهِمَ وَ إِسْمَعِيْلَ وَإِسْحَقَ وَيَعْفُونَ وَ الْآسَبَاطَ كَانُوْا هُوُدًا أَوْنَظْرَى قُلْ ءَانَتْهُمُ أَعْلَمُ لَمَ إِمَالَتْهُ وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِتَنْ كَتَمَ شَهَادَةً عِنْدَهُ مِنَ اللَّهُ وَمَا اللَّهُ يِغَافِيلِ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ @

تِلْكَ أُمَّتَة ثَقَلُ خَلَتُ لَهَا مَا كَسَبَتُ وَلَكُمْ مَا * كَسَبْتُمْ وَلَا تُسْتَلُوْنَ عَمَّا كَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ شَ

¹³⁷So if they believe as you believe, they are indeed on the right course; and if they turn back, then they are only in opposition. But Allah will suffice thee against them; and He is the Hearing, the Knowing. ¹³⁸ (We take) Allah's colour, and who is better than Allah at colouring, and we are His worshippers. ¹³⁹Say: Do you dispute with us about Allah, and He is our Lord and your Lord, and for us are our deeds and for you your deeds; and we are sincere to Him? ¹⁴⁰Or do you say that Abraham and Ishmael and Isaac and Jacob and the tribes were Jews or Christians? Say: Do you know better or Allah? And who is more unjust than he who conceals a testimony that he has from Allah? And Allah is not heedless of what you do. ¹⁴¹ Those are a people that have passed away; and for them is what they earned and for you what you earn; and you will not be asked of what they did.